



S9 Mini integrator

S9 is a mini Rogowski coil integrator combine with power meter or PLC, in a plastic enclosure, powered directly from the mains.

What does Integrator do?

- Rogowski coil output is weak voltage mV signal, S9 has ability to amplify and convert it to standard signal which could be caught by multimeter and scope.
- Rogowski coil output is proportional to the frequency of the measured current, the signal equalization ensure a linear response on a wide frequency range. S9 allows to use coils on different electrical network frequencies, keeping the same output level over the frequencies.
- An integrator is essential to equalize and shift by 90° the output signal from the Rogowski coils. It consists of an act electronic circuit with negligible offset and a good linearity.

Feature

S9 can be combined with any model and size of Rogowski coils.

The available values are: 0–10VDC, 0–10V peak, 333mV rms .

On request the input value can be customized according to the application.

S9 and Rogowski coil is a very flexible system, suitable for high power load analysis, impulsive current monitoring, DC ripple measurement, etc.

Due to its specific features, flexible Rogowski coil is an extremely comfortable solution for current measurement and can be used in a number of cases where traditional current transducer is not the adequate solution.

Advantage

- High read accuracy 0.5%
- Smart volume for limited space installation
- Low power consumption
- Lower zero drift down to 5mV

Applications

Measuring devices

- Power meter measurement
- Harmonics and transients monitoring
- Welding machine control
- High current measurement
- PLC control

What is a Rogowski coil?

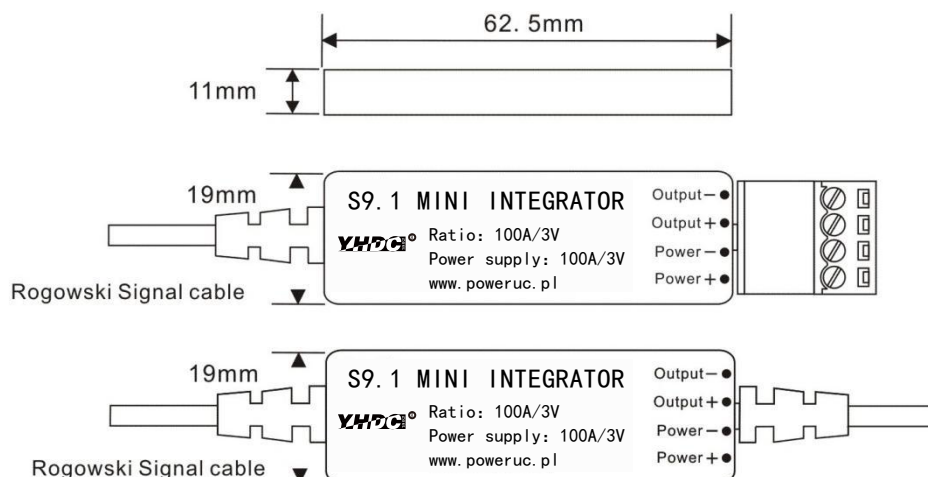
Rogowski coils have been used for the detection and measurement of electric currents for decades. They are based on a simple principle: an “air-cored” coil is placed around the conductor in a toroidal fashion and the magnetic field produced by the current induces a voltage in the coil. The voltage output is proportional to the rate of change of current. This voltage is integrated, thus producing an output proportional to the current. By using precision winding techniques, especially developed for the purpose, the coils are manufactured so that their output is not influenced by the position of the conductor within the toroid, and to reject interference from external magnetic fields caused, for example, from nearby conductors.

Basically, a Rogowski coil current measuring system consists of a combination of a coil and conditioning electronics. Rogowski coil current transducers are used for the AC measurement.

They can be used in similar circumstances to current transformers but for many applications they have considerable advantages:

- Wide dynamic range.
- High linearity.
- Very useful with large size or awkward shaped conductors or in places with limited access. Thanks to the structure without hard core, the coil can be easily manufactured according to the application or to the available space.
- Unlike traditional current transducers, there is no danger from open-circuited secondaries.
- They cannot be damaged by large overloads.
- They are non-intrusive. They draw no power from the main circuit carrying the current to be measured.
- They are also light weighted and in some applications are light enough to be suspended on the conductor being measured.

The transducer does not measure direct currents but, unlike a current transformer, it can carry out accurate measurements of AC component even if there is a large superimposed DC component, since there is no iron core causing saturation. This feature is particularly useful for measuring ripple currents for example in battery charge systems.



Specification

Model	S9.1	S9.2
Rated output	0.333V AC rms	4V DC (true-rms)
Maximum Output (overload)	4.5V AC peak	4.5V DC
Output Ripple factor	1%	Default 5% (relay to Response time)
Response time	$\leq 1\mu s$	Default 100ms (adjustable)
Power consumption	70mW	100mW
Bandwidth	10Hz to 10kHz	30Hz to 1kHz
Power supply	5V or 6-12V	5V or 7-12V
Rated Input	100A 600A 1000A 3000A 6000A	
Read Accuracy	1% typical at 1% ($\geq 10A$) to 200% of rated Current @25 °C	
Phase error	$\leq 0.5^\circ$	
Linearity	$\pm 0.2\%$ of reading (1% to 200% of range)	
Minimum Current measurement	1A (Ripple 100mA)	
Output on 0A (zero drift)	$\leq 5mV$ (rated output $\geq 2.5V$ zero drift $< 10mV$)	
Temperature drift	200ppm/ °C	
Weight	20g	
Dimension	62.5*19*11mm	
Operating temperature	-20°C to 70°C	
Storage temperature	-30°C to 90°C	
Relative humidity:	80% max. without condensation	
Protection degree:	IP20	
Other requirements, please contact us to OEM.		