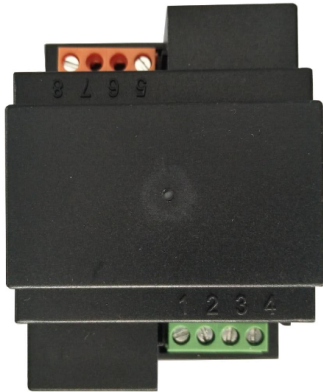
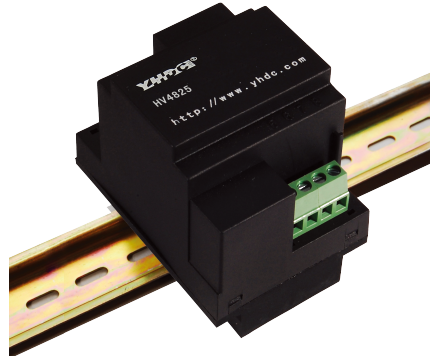


Hall voltage sensor

Din-rail installation, Crimping terminal output. Detect DC, AC and pulse current, High insulation between primary side and the vice side circuit.



Front view



Bottom view

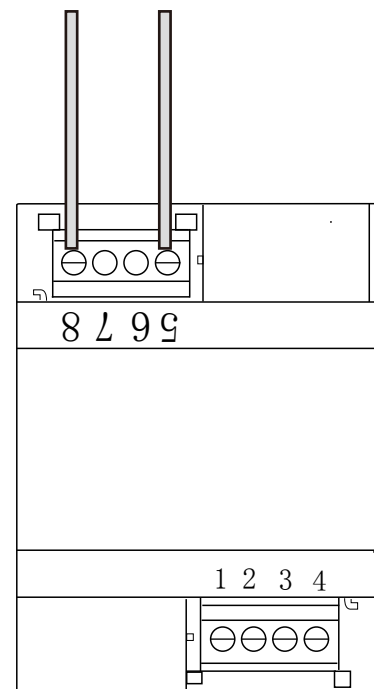
Product features

- Low power consumption
- Good linearity
- No insertion loss
- Fast response time
- Good anti-interference ability

Product application

- Railway
- Metallurgical
- Welding machine
- Robot
- Motor
- Inverter power supply
- Variable frequency governor
- Uninterrupted power supply and communication power supply

High side after wiring
Terminal proposal seal processing



Electrical parameters: (The following parameters are typical values and actual values will be subject to product testing)

Remarks:

I _p	Rated input	±50V	±100V	±200V	±300V	±400V	±500V	Standard input
I _{pm}	Input measurement range	±70V	±150V	±300V	±450V	±600V	±750V	Default is 1.5 times of rated input
V _{out}	Rated output	2.5V ± 0.625V						Standard output
X	Accuracy	1%						I=I _p
ε _L	Linearity	0.2%						I=0~±I _p
V _c	Supply voltage	+5V						Supply voltage range±5%
I _c	Current consumption	≤ ±15mA+I _s						Reference will be subject to the measured
R _L	Load impedance	≥10K Ω						Collection port impedance while lower voltage affect accuracy
V _{oe}	Zero offset voltage	≤ ±30mV						TA=25℃
T _r	Response time	40~200 μs						Reference will be subject to the measured
N _w	Weight	191g						Reference will be subject to the measured
T _a	Operation temperature	-10~+70℃						
T _s	Storage temperature	-25~+70℃						
B _w	Band width	-						Factory test according to DC
V _d	Delectric strength	3.5KV 50Hz 1min						

Factory commissioning :

Calculation formula: 2.5V±0.625V 0V datum

1. Debugging with 0V as the reference point(acquiescence) Forward direction: $2.5 + (I/I_P) * 0.625$
2. Debug with V_{ref} as the reference point(optional) Reverse direction: $2.5 - (I/I_P) * 0.625$

Instruction for use:

1. Correct wiring as indicated
2. Full scale measurement, response time and following the speed for the best
3. Faulty wiring can lead to product damage and output uncertainty

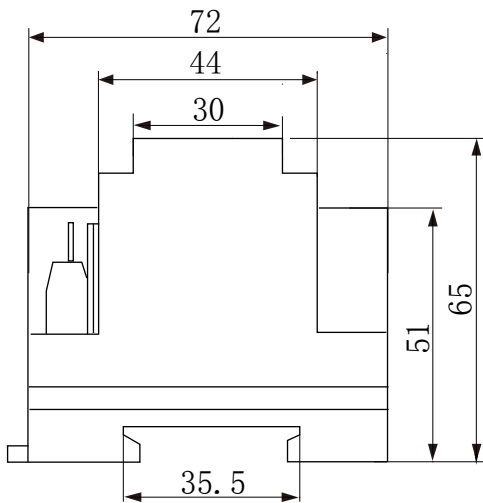
Safe operation:

- *Please read this specification carefully before use.
- *When you need to move the product, please be sure to disconnect the power and all the connected cables.
- *If found shell, devices attached to the fixed parts, wire, or have any damaged, please immediately deal with hidden dangers.
- *If there is any doubt about the safe operation of the equipment, the equipment and the corresponding accessories should be closed immediately, and the fastest time for troubleshooting.

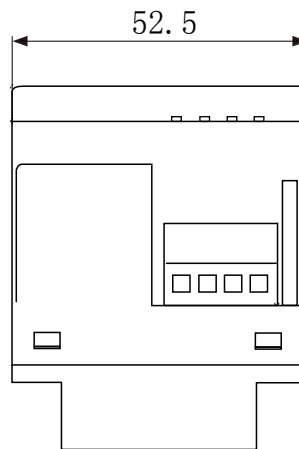
Proclamations:

As our products are constantly being improved and updated, we reserve the right to modify the content of this specification at any time without prior notice.

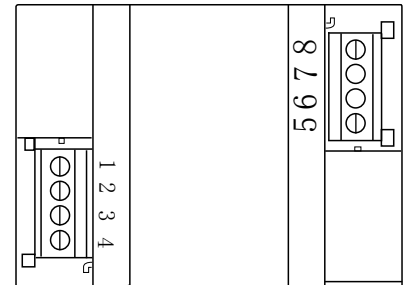
Dimensions(in mm±0.5) :



Front view

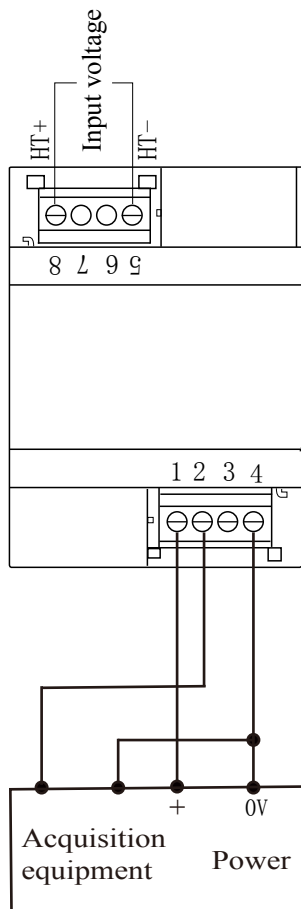


Side view



Top View

Wiring diagram:



Terminal definition:

- 1: +V
- 2: Vout
- 3: Vref
- 4: 0V
- 5: -HT
- 6: Air terminal
- 8: +HT
- 7: Air terminal

※Detection:

- ① Choose the auxiliary power supply with small ripple ($\leq 10\text{mV}$)
- ② Switch on auxiliary power
- ③ The auxiliary power is connected to the sensor
- ④ The sensor detects the primary current