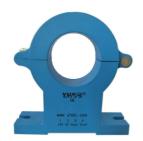
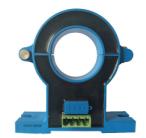


Hall split core current sensor

Open loop split core type, Sub-plate installation, terminal output. Detect DC, AC and pulse current, High insulation between primary side and the vice side circuit.









Front view

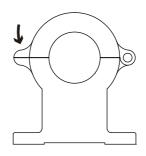
Back view

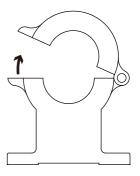
Fixed hole view Opening view

Installation diagram

Product features

- ·Light weight
- •Low power consumption
- Good linearity
- No insertion loss
- Fast response time
- Good anti-interference ability



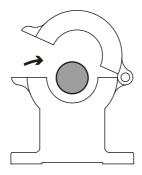


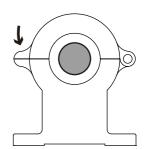
1.Loosen the screw

2.Open up

Product application

- Railway
- Metallurgical
- Welding machine
- Robot
- Motor
- •Inverter power supply
- · Variable frequency governor





3.In the lead

4. Tighten the screws

• Uninterrupted power supply and communication power supply



Electrical parameters: (The following parameters are typical values and actual values will be subject to product testing)

Remarks:

Ιp	Rated input	±100A	±300A	±500A	±600A	±800A	±1000A	Standard input
Ipm	Input measurement range	±120A	$\pm 360 \mathrm{A}$	±600 A	±720A	±960A	±1200A	Default is 1.2 times of rated input
Vout	Rated output	$2.5V \pm 0.625V$						Standard output
X	Accuracy	1 %						I=Ip
εL	Linearity	1 %						$I=0^{\sim} \pm Ip$
Vс	Supply voltage	+ 5 V						Supply voltage range±5%
Ιc	Current consumption	≤16mA						Reference will be subject to the measured
R1	Load impedance	≥10KΩ						Collection port impedance while lower voltage affect accuracy
Voe	Zero offset voltage	$\leq \pm 15 \mathrm{mV}$						TA=25°C
Tr	Response time	≤5 μ s						Reference will be subject to the measured
N.w	Weight	170g						Reference will be subject to the measured
Ta	Operation temperature	-10 \sim $+70$ $^{\circ}$ C						
Ts	Storage temperature	$-25\!\sim\!+70^{\circ}\!\mathrm{C}$						
Bw	Band width	$\mathtt{DC}^{\sim}25\mathtt{KHz}$						Factory test according to DC
Vd	Delectric strength	2.5KV 50Hz 1min						

Factory commissioning:

Calculation formula: 2.5V±0.625V 0V datum

- 1. Debugging with 0V as the reference point(acquiescence) Forward direction: 2.5 + (I/IP) *0.625
- 2. Debug with Vref as the reference point(optional)

Reverse direction: 2.5-(I/IP)*0.625

Instructions for use:

- 1. According to the connection mode of correct connection
- 2. The direction shown by the arrow is positive
- 3. With hole measurement, response time and following the speed for the best
- 4. Faulty wiring can lead to product damage and output uncertainty

Safe operation:

- *Please read this specification carefully before use.
- *When you need to move the product, please be sure to disconnect the power and all the connected cables.
- *If found shell, devices attached to the fixed parts, wire, or have any damaged, please immediately deal with hidden dangers.
- *If there is any doubt about the safe operation of the equipment, the equipment and the corresponding accessories should be closed immediately, and the fastest time for troubleshooting.

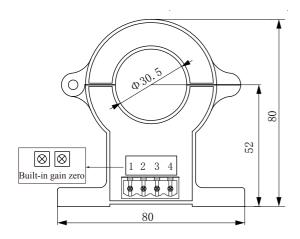
Proclamations:

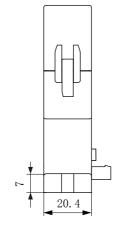
As our products are constantly being improved and updated, we reserve the right to modify the content of this specification at any time without prior notice.

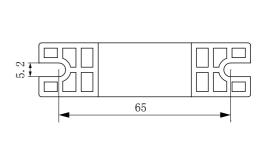


Dimensions(in $mm\pm0.5$):

Current direction







Front view

Side view

Bottom view

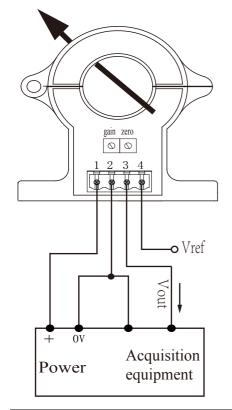
Connector Illustration





Wiring diagram (based on 0 V)

Crimping terminal fast plug 2EDG-5.08-4p spacing 5.08mm



Terminal definition:

1: +V

2: 0V

3: Vout

4: Vref (Can be suspended, not grounded)

Potentiometer definition:

Left: gain

right: zero

X Detection:

①Choose the auxiliary power supply with small ripple (≤ 10 mV)

②Switch on auxiliary power

③The auxiliary power is connected to the sensor

4)The sensor detects the primary current