

Hall open loop current sensor

 $sub-plate\ mount,\ terminal\ output. Detect\ DC, AC\ and\ pulse\ current,\ High\ insulation\ between\ primary\ side\ and\ the\ vice\ side\ circuit.$







Front view

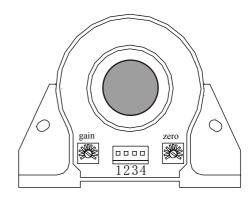
Epoxy view

Fixed hole view

Product features

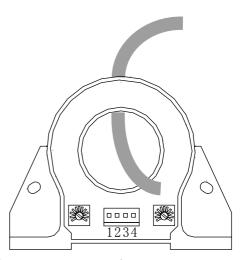
- ·Light weight
- •Low power consumption
- Good linearity
- No insertion loss
- Fast response time
- Good anti-interference ability

Installation diagram



Product application

- Railway
- Metallurgical
- · Welding machine
- Robot
- Motor
- •Inverter power supply
- Variable frequency governor
- •Uninterrupted power supply and communication power supply





Electrical parameters: (The following parameters are typical values and actual values will be subject to product testing)

Remarks:

Ip	Rated input	±100A ±200A ±300A ±400A ±500A ±600A	Standard input
Ipm	Input measurement range	$\pm 150 \text{A} \pm 300 \text{A} \pm 450 \text{A} \pm 600 \text{A} \pm 750 \text{A} \pm 900$	Default is 1.5 times of rated input, and maximum \(\leq 1000A \) (saturation)
Vout	Rated output	$2.5V \pm 0.625V$	Standard output
X	Accuracy	1 %	I=Ip
εL	Linearity	1%	I=0 [~] ± Ip
Vс	Supply voltage	+ 5 V	Supply voltage range±5%
Ιc	Current consumption	≤12mA	Reference will be subject to the measured
R1	Load impedance	≥10KΩ	Collection port impedance while lower voltage affect accuracy
Voe	Zero offset voltage	\leqslant \pm 15mV	TA=25 ℃
Tr	Response time	≤5 μ s	Reference will be subject to the measured
N.w	Weight	215g	Reference will be subject to the measured
Ta	Operation temperature	-10 \sim $+70$ $^{\circ}$ C	
Ts	Storage temperature	-25∼+70°C	
Bw	Band width	DC~10KHz	Factory test according to DC
Vd	Delectric strength	6KV 50Hz 1min	

Factory commissioning:

Calculation formula: 2.5V±0.625V 0V datum

1. Debugging with 0V as the reference point(acquiescence) Forward direction: 2.5+ (I/IP) *0.625

2. Debug with Vref as the reference point(optional)

Reverse direction: 2.5-(I/IP) *0.625

Instructions for use:

- 1. According to the connection mode of correct connection
- 2. The direction shown by the arrow is positive
- 3. With hole measurement, response time and following the speed for the best
- 4. Faulty wiring can lead to product damage and output uncertainty

Safe operation:

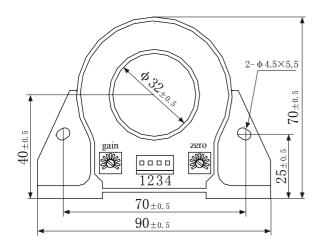
- *Please read this specification carefully before use.
- *When you need to move the product, please be sure to disconnect the power and all the connected cables.
- *If found shell, devices attached to the fixed parts, wire, or have any damaged, please immediately deal with hidden dangers.
- *If there is any doubt about the safe operation of the equipment, the equipment and the corresponding accessories should be closed immediately, and the fastest time for troubleshooting.

Proclamations:

As our products are constantly being improved and updated, we reserve the right to modify the content of this specification at any time without prior notice.



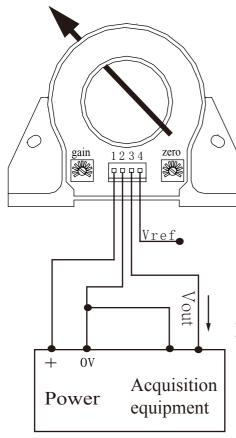
Dimensions(in mm±0.5):



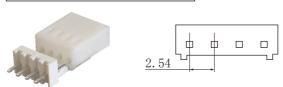
Front view

Bottom view

Wiring diagram (based on 0 V)



Connector Illustration:



Spacing 2.54 mm

Terminal definition:

1: +V

2: 0V

3: Vout

4: Vref (It can be suspended, not grounded)

Potentiometer definition:

left: gain

right: zero

X Detection:

- ①Choose the auxiliary power supply with small ripple ($\leq 10 \text{mV}$)
- ②Switch on auxiliary power
- 3)The auxiliary power is connected to the sensor
- (4) The sensor detects the primary current