Product Specification

Product Name: 48V100A LiFePO4

Battery management system

Product Number: 48100-1101-10C

Configuration	Parameter	Function
Single voltage platform	3.2V	
PCS	16S	Options
Capacity	100AH	Settable
External switch	ON	Options
Current limiting	ON	Options
LCD	ON	Options
Storage	ON	Own
Heating	OFF	Options
Precharge	ON	Own
Communication	CAN、RS485	Options

Signature and seal of supplier			Signa	ture and seal of	client
Executed By	Lin Jialei	Checked By	Shi Yajun	Approved By	Huang Bin
Date		Date		Date	

version	Date	Draw up/amend	Version Revision Note
V1.0	2020.06.16	Lin Jialei	Create first draft

Directory

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2. Normative citation documents. 2. 3. Functional characteristics. 0. 3. Battery voltage detection. 0. 3. Sattery charge/discharge current detection. 0. 3. Shattery capacity and cycle times. 0. 3. Charge, Discharge MOSFET switch. 0. 3. Battery function. 0. 3. Bottery function. 0. 3. Bottery function. 0. 3. Dormant function. 0. 3. Dormant function. 0. 3. Doment function. 0. 3. 1. Communications. 10. 3. 1. A story management functions. 11. 3. 1. Battery management functions. 12. 3. 1. Ristery management functions. 13. 3. 1. Rottery management functions. 14. 3. 1. Rottery management functions. 15. 3. 1. Rottery management functions. 16. 3. 1. Rottery management functions. 16. 3. 1. Rottery management functions. 16	1. Application scope	5
3.1. Battery voltage detection	2. Normative citation documents	5
3.2. Cell, environment and power temperature detection		
3. 3. Battery charge/discharge current detection		
3. 4. Short circuit protection function		
3.5. Battery capacity and cycle times		
3. 6. Charge, Discharge MOSFET switch		
3.7. Balance of intelligent single cell		
3.8. LED indication function 0 3.9. Dormant function 7 3.10. One-key switch machine 7 3.11. CAN and RS485 communication interfaces 7 3.12. Communications 7 3.13. Historical data records are stored and read 7 3.14. Battery Management Parameters 7 3.15. Battery management functions 8 3.16. Precharge function 8 3.17. Connect the compensation 8 3.18. Charging current limit 8 3.19. PC 9 3.20. Program upgrades 9 3.21. Freding function instructions 10 5. Electrical characteristics 10 6. Basic parameters 11 6. J. Basic parameters 12 7. functional description 22 7. functional description 22 7. and by state 22 7. 3. Protection and rehabilitation 22 7. 4. charging overcurrent protection and recovery 22 7. 6. temperature protection and recovery 22 7. 6. temperature protection and recovery 22 7. 8. Turn on and off 22		
3.9. Dormant function 7 3.10. One-key switch machine 7 3.11. CAN and RS485 communication interfaces 7 3.12. Communications 7 3.13. Historical data records are stored and read 7 3.14. Battery Management Parameters 7 3.15. Battery management functions 8 3.16. Precharge function 8 3.17. Connect the compensation 8 3.18. Charging current limit 8 3.19. PC 9 3.20. Program upgrades 9 4. Functional framework 10 5. Electrical characteristics 10 6. Basic parameters 12 6. J. LED light indication instructions 19 7. functional description 22 7. functional description 22 7. functional description 22 7. functional description 22 7. a cover-protection and rehabilitation 22 7. 4. charging overcurrent protection and recovery 22 7. 5. discharge overcurrent protection and recovery 22 7. 7. Balanced function 22 7. 7. Balanced function <td< td=""><td></td><td></td></td<>		
3. 10. One-key switch machine	3.8. LED indication function	6
3.11. CAN and RS485 communication interfaces 7 3.12. Communications 7 3.13. Historical data records are stored and read 7 3.14. Battery Management Parameters 7 3.15. Battery management functions 8 3.16. Precharge function 8 3.17. Connect the compensation 8 3.18. Charging current limit 8 3.19. P.C. 9 3.20. Program upgrades 9 4. Functional framework 11 5. Electrical characteristics 11 6. Basic parameters 11 6. J. Basic parameters 11 6. J. Basic parameters 12 7. functional description 22 7. Lost and rehabilitation 22 7. Lost and rehabilitation 21 7. S. over-protection and rehabilitation 22 7. A charging overcurrent protection and recovery 22 7. A charging overcurrent protection and recovery 22 7. Balanced function 22 7. Balanced function 22 7. Balanced function 22 7. Balanced functions 22		
3. 12. Communications	3.10. One-key switch machine	7
3. 13. Historical data records are stored and read. 7 3. 14. Battery Management Parameters. 7 3. 15. Battery management functions. 8 3. 16. Precharge function. 8 3. 17. Connect the compensation. 8 3. 18. Charging current limit. 8 3. 19. PC. 9 3. 20. Program upgrades. 9 4. Functional framework. 10 5. Electrical characteristics. 11 6. Basic parameters. 11 6. J. Basic parameters. 11 6. 3. LED light indication instructions. 12 7. functional description. 21 7. I. standby state 22 7. 2. over-protection and rehabilitation. 22 7. 3. Protection and rehabilitation. 22 7. 4. charging overcurrent protection and recovery. 22 7. 5. discharge overcurrent protection and recovery. 22 7. 7. Balanced function. 22 7. 8. Turn on and off. 22 8. Dimensional mapping. 23		
3. 14. Battery Management Parameters 7 3. 15. Battery management functions 8 3. 16. Precharge function 8 3. 17. Connect the compensation 8 3. 18. Charging current limit 8 3. 19. PC 9 3. 20. Program upgrades 9 4. Functional framework 10 5. Electrical characteristics 11 6. Basic parameters 11 7. Basic parameters 11 6. J. LED light indication instructions 19 7. functional description 21 7. functional description 21 7. Lower-protection and rehabilitation 21 7. J. standby state 22 7. A charging overcurrent protection and recovery 22 7. 6. temperature protection and recovery 22 7. 7. Balanced function 22 7. 7. Balanced function 22 7. 8. Turn on and off 22 8. Durn on and off 23 9. Storage functions 24	3.12. Communications	7
3. 15. Battery management functions. 8 3. 16. Precharge function 8 3. 17. Connect the compensation 8 3. 17. Connect the compensation 8 3. 18. Charging current limit. 8 3. 19. PC 9 3. 20. Program upgrades. 9 4. Functional framework. 10 5. Electrical characteristics. 10 6. Basic parameters. 11 6.1. Basic parameters. 11 6.2. Basic mode of work. 19 6.3. LED light indication instructions. 19 7. functional description. 21 7. 1. standby state. 21 7. 2. over-protection and rehabilitation. 22 7. 3. Protection and rehabilitation. 21 7. 4. charging overcurrent protection and recovery. 22 7. 5. discharge overcurrent protection and recovery. 22 7. 7. Balanced function. 22 7. 8. Turn on and off. 22 7. 9. Storage functions. 22 8. Dimensional mapping. 23	3.13. Historical data records are stored and read	7
3. 16. Precharge function 6 3. 17. Connect the compensation 8 3. 18. Charging current limit 6 3. 19. PC 9 3. 20. Program upgrades 9 4. Functional framework 10 5. Electrical characteristics 10 6. Basic parameters 11 6.1. Basic parameters 11 6.2. Basic mode of work 19 6.3. LED light indication instructions 19 7. functional description 21 7. 1. standby state 22 7. 2. over-protection and rehabilitation 22 7. 3. Protection and rehabilitation 22 7. 4. charging overcurrent protection and recovery 22 7. 5. discharge overcurrent protection and recovery 22 7. 6. temperature protection and recovery 22 7. 7. Balanced function 22 7. 8. Turn on and off 22 7. 9. Storage functions 22 8. Dimensional mapping 23		
3. 17. Connect the compensation	3.15. Battery management functions	8
3.18. Charging current limit 8 3.19. PC 9 3.20. Program upgrades. 9 4. Functional framework. 10 5. Electrical characteristics. 10 6. Basic parameters. 11 6. 1. Basic parameters. 11 6. 2. Basic mode of work. 12 7. functional description. 19 7. functional description. 21 7. 1. standby state. 21 7. 3. Protection and rehabilitation. 21 7. 4. charging overcurrent protection and recovery. 22 7. 5. discharge overcurrent protection and recovery. 22 7. 6. temperature protection and recovery. 22 7. 7. Balanced function. 22 7. 8. Turn on and off. 22 7. 9. Storage functions. 22 8. Dimensional mapping. 23	3.16. Precharge function	8
3. 19. PC		
3. 20. Program upgrades	3.18. Charging current limit	
4. Functional framework 10 5. Electrical characteristics 10 6. Basic parameters 11 6.1. Basic parameters 11 6.2. Basic mode of work 15 6.3. LED light indication instructions 16 7. functional description 21 7. functional description 21 7. 1. standby state 22 7. 2. over-protection and rehabilitation 21 7. 3. Protection and rehabilitation 21 7. 4. charging overcurrent protection and recovery 22 7. 5. discharge overcurrent protection and recovery 22 7. 7. Balanced function 22 7. 8. Turn on and off. 22 7. 9. Storage functions 22 8. Dimensional mapping 23	3. 19. PC	9
5. Electrical characteristics. 10 6. Basic parameters. 11 6. 1. Basic parameters. 11 6. 2. Basic mode of work. 19 6. 3. LED light indication instructions. 19 7. functional description. 21 7. standby state. 21 7. 2. over-protection and rehabilitation. 21 7. 3. Protection and rehabilitation. 21 7. 4. charging overcurrent protection and recovery. 22 7. 5. discharge overcurrent protection and recovery. 22 7. 7. Balanced function. 22 7. 7. Balanced function. 22 7. 8. Turn on and off. 22 8. Dimensional mapping. 22	3.20. Program upgrades	9
6. Basic parameters. 1 6. 1. Basic parameters. 1 6. 2. Basic mode of work. 19 6. 3. LED light indication instructions. 19 7. functional description. 21 7. 1. standby state. 21 7. 2. over-protection and rehabilitation. 21 7. 3. Protection and rehabilitation. 21 7. 4. charging overcurrent protection and recovery. 22 7. 5. discharge overcurrent protection and recovery. 22 7. 6. temperature protection and recovery. 22 7. 7. Balanced function. 21 7. 8. Turn on and off. 22 8. Dimensional mapping. 23	4. Functional framework	10
6. 1. Basic parameters.16. 2. Basic mode of work.196. 3. LED light indication instructions.197. functional description.217. 1. standby state.217. 2. over-protection and rehabilitation.217. 3. Protection and rehabilitation.217. 4. charging overcurrent protection and recovery.227. 5. discharge overcurrent protection and recovery.227. 6. temperature protection and recovery.227. 7. Balanced function.217. 8. Turn on and off.228. Dimensional mapping.23	5. Electrical characteristics	10
6. 2. Basic mode of work.196. 3. LED light indication instructions.197. functional description.217. 1. standby state.217. 2. over-protection and rehabilitation.217. 3. Protection and rehabilitation.217. 4. charging overcurrent protection and recovery.227. 5. discharge overcurrent protection and recovery.227. 6. temperature protection and recovery.227. 7. Balanced function.227. 8. Turn on and off.228. Dimensional mapping.23	1	
6. 3. LED light indication instructions197. functional description217. 1. standby state217. 2. over-protection and rehabilitation217. 3. Protection and rehabilitation217. 4. charging overcurrent protection and recovery227. 5. discharge overcurrent protection and recovery227. 6. temperature protection and recovery227. 7. Balanced function227. 8. Turn on and off228. Dimensional mapping23		
7. functional description.217. 1. standby state.217. 2. over-protection and rehabilitation.217. 3. Protection and rehabilitation.217. 4. charging overcurrent protection and recovery.227. 5. discharge overcurrent protection and recovery.227. 6. temperature protection and recovery.227. 7. Balanced function.227. 8. Turn on and off.238. Dimensional mapping.23		
7. 1. standby state	6.3. LED light indication instructions	19
7. 2. over-protection and rehabilitation217. 3. Protection and rehabilitation217. 4. charging overcurrent protection and recovery227. 5. discharge overcurrent protection and recovery227. 6. temperature protection and recovery227. 7. Balanced function227. 8. Turn on and off227. 9. Storage functions228. Dimensional mapping23	•	
7. 3. Protection and rehabilitation217. 4. charging overcurrent protection and recovery227. 5. discharge overcurrent protection and recovery227. 6. temperature protection and recovery227. 7. Balanced function227. 8. Turn on and off227. 9. Storage functions228. Dimensional mapping23		
7. 4. charging overcurrent protection and recovery.227. 5. discharge overcurrent protection and recovery.227. 6. temperature protection and recovery.227. 7. Balanced function.227. 8. Turn on and off.227. 9. Storage functions.228. Dimensional mapping.23		
7. 5. discharge overcurrent protection and recovery. 22 7. 6. temperature protection and recovery. 22 7. 7. Balanced function. 22 7. 8. Turn on and off. 22 7. 9. Storage functions. 22 8. Dimensional mapping. 23	7.3. Protection and rehabilitation	21
7. 6. temperature protection and recovery. 22 7. 7. Balanced function. 22 7. 8. Turn on and off. 22 7. 9. Storage functions. 22 8. Dimensional mapping. 22	7.4. charging overcurrent protection and recovery	22
7. 7. Balanced function		
7.8. Turn on and off	7.6. temperature protection and recovery	22
7. 9. Storage functions		
8. Dimensional mapping		
9. Reference diagram and connection instructions	8. Dimensional mapping	23
	9. Reference diagram and connection instructions	25

9.1. Wiring definition	
9.2. order of up and down	
10. Communications	
10.1. CAN communications	
10.2. RS485 communications	
10.3. parallel communication	
10.4. Dial code address selection	
11. LCD Screen	
12. Points for attention	

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1. Application scope

This product is a fully functional 8-16 series lithium ion battery pack management system, with monomer overvoltage / undervoltage, total voltage undervoltage / overvoltage, charge / discharge overcurrent, high temperature, low temperature and short circuit protection and recovery functions. to achieve accurate measurement of SOC during charge and discharge, SOH health status statistics. realize voltage equalization during charging. Data communication is carried out with the host computer through RS485 communication, and the parameter configuration and data monitoring are carried out through the human-computer interaction of the upper computer software. (Latest baud rate19200).

2. Normative citation documents

The following documents are essential for the application of this document. The date-only version of the reference file is applicable to this file. The latest version of any undated reference file (including all modifications) applies to this file.

GB/T	191	Marking of Packaging Storage and Transportation
GB/T	2408-2008	plastic Determination of combustion properties Horizontal and
		vertical test
YD/T	983-2013	Electromagnetic Compatibility Limit and Measurement Method for
		Communication Power Equipment
GB/T	17626. 5-2008	Electromagnetic compatibility test and surge (shock) immunity test
		for measuring technology
GB/T	17626.2-2006	Electromagnetic Compatibility Test and Measurement Technology
YD/T	2344.1—2011	Lithium iron phosphate battery pack for communications - Part 1:
		integrated battery pack
YD/T	2344.2—2015	Lithium iron phosphate battery pack for communications - Part 2:
		discrete batteries
YD/T	1363.3	Communications Bureau (Station) Power, Air Conditioning and
		Environmental Centralized Monitoring Management System Part
		3:Front-end Intelligent Equipment Protocol
YD/T	1058-2015	High Frequency Switching Power Supply System for Communication

3. Functional characteristics

3.1. Battery voltage detection

Real-time acquisition and monitoring of the voltage of the series cell to realize the alarm and protection of overvoltage and undervoltage. The voltage detection accuracy of the cell is ± 10 mV at 0 \sim 45°C and ± 30 mV at -20 \sim 70°C.

Alarm, protection parameter setting can be changed by the upper computer.

3.2. Cell, environment and power temperature detection

The BMS measure the cell temperature, ambient temperature and power temperature in real-time via NTC to provide high temperature or low temperature warnings and protections. The measured temperature difference is within $\pm 2^{\circ}$ C

Cell temperature sensor USES 10K, B value 3435.

Alarm, protection parameter setting can be changed by the upper computer.

3.3. Battery charge/discharge current detection

The charge and discharge current of the battery pack is collected and monitored in real time by detecting the resistance of the current connected in the charge and discharge main circuit. the temperature rise is less than 40°C, and the accuracy is better than ± 1 %. Alarm, protection parameter setting can be changed by the upper computer.

3.4. Short circuit protection function

Has the function of detecting and protecting the output short circuit.

3.5. Battery capacity and cycle times

Real-time calculation of battery residual capacity, complete the learning of total charging and discharging capacity at one time, SOC estimation accuracy is better than $\pm 5\%$. It has the function of counting the number of charge and discharge cycles. When the accumulative discharge capacity of the battery pack reaches 20% of the set full capacity, the number of cycles will increase once.

Alarm, protection parameter setting can be changed by the upper computer.

3.6. Charge, Discharge MOSFET switch

Low internal resistance, high current, high capacitance for backup power applications load startup, zero switching, double charging voltage optimization design.

3.7.Balance of intelligent single cell

Unbalanced cells can be balanced when charging or standby, which can effectively improve the service time and cycle life of the battery.

Equalizing open voltage and equalizing differential pressure can be set by upper computer.

3.8.LED indication function

There are 6 LED indicators, 4 white LED indicators for the current battery SOC, 1 red LED indicator for alarm and protection failure, and 1 white LED indicator for battery standby, charging and discharging state.

3.9. Dormant function

BMS has manual and automatic dormancy function, the battery lasts 48 hours automatic dormancy without charge and discharge outside. Hold 1 minute communication when battery pack overplay protection, BMS into dormant state. You can manually press 6 S reset button , 6 LED lights in turn, BMS into sleep. External switch control switch machine, switch closed state boot, switch off state shutdown.

Standby sleep can be set through the upper computer.

3.10. One-key switch machine

BMS in parallel, the host can control the slave machine and boot. The host must dial the code according to the parallel mode, the host dial code address can not achieve one-click switch machine. (The batteries return to each other during the machine and can not be shut down by onebutton)

$3.\,11.$ CAN and RS485 communication interfaces

CAN communication according to each inverter protocol to do communication, can connect inverter communication. (Pylon is compatible with Growatt protocols)

PC machine or intelligent front end can realize the data monitoring, operation control and parameter setting of the battery by RS485 communication telemetry, remote signal, remote adjustment, remote control and other commands.

3.12. Communications

Can be set through RS485, through 8 dial address address setting. Two ways to view data:

1. Connect the upper computer through $\mathsf{RS485\,set}$

2. After the RS485 set is connected, the host CAN interface is connected to the inverter

3.13. Historical data records are stored and read

Historical data is to store a piece of data according to the BMS state transition; to store all kinds of alarm, protection trigger and elimination measurement data in real time; to store the measurement data in a certain time period by setting the record start time, record end time and record interval time. Currently can store not less than 300 historical data records, through the PC to read historical data and save as excel files into the computer.

3.14. Battery Management Parameters

The battery management parameters, such as cell overvoltage, total cell voltage overvoltage, charge and discharge overcurrent, core high and low temperature, environment high and low

temperature, equalization strategy, battery series number, battery capacity, etc., can be

reset by the uppercomputer.

3.15. Battery management functions

Voltage related functions, temperature related functions, current related functions (output short circuit function does not support off setting), capacity related functions can be turned on or off through the upper computer setting.

3.16. Precharge function

The precharge function can be started immediately after starting up or discharging tube is turned on. The precharge time can be set (1mS to 5000mS) to cope with various capacitiy load scenarios and avoid short circuit protection of BMS output.

3.17. Connect the compensation

If the pressure difference between the battery packs is too large, check whether the pressure difference between the two electric cores of the upper computer is large with wires or long copper bars. The wire and the long copper bar have pressure difference when the current passes, need to do impedance compensation. During the discharge, the pressure difference between the wire and the long copper bar is measured. According to the pressure difference/current = impedance, the calculated impedance is filled into the upper computer parameters. In the parameters of the upper computer, the default is the compensating impedance of the wire connection at section 9 and section 13, and the 2-way compensating impedance can be set according to the module. (If the cell module is assembled in the form of long wire and long copper bar, it must communicate with the BMS manufacturer for impedance compensation. Otherwise, it will affect the consistency of the cell.)

3.18. Charging current limit

Charging current limiter can be divided into two modes: active current limiter and passive current limiter. (Customer chooses passive current limiting)

1. Active current limiting: In the charging state of BMS, BMS keeps the current limiting module MOS tube open and actively restricts the charging current to 10A.

2. Passive current limiting: In the charging state of BMS, BMS opens the charging module MOS tube. If the charging current reaches the overcurrent warning value of charging (current setting is 100A), open the current limiting module MOS tube 10A, and re-test whether the charger current reaches the passive current limiting condition after 5 minutes of current limiting. (The passive current limit value can be set on)



3.19. PC

BattaryMonitorV2.1.5 is used on the upper computer. It can switch between English and Chinese (English protocol is loaded when switching to English) and the loading protocol (Chinese file name: 16S_V20_ADDR, English protocol name: 16S_V20_ADDR_EN). Please check the operation method in the file of host computer for the operation instructions.

3.20. Program upgrades

Upgrade with Update software, upgrade main program by RS485.

4. Functional framework



5. Electrical characteristics

Project	Min	Max	Туре	Unit
Normal operating voltage	41	59	48	V
Normal charging voltage	30	60	54	V
Operating temperature range	-20	70	25	°C
Continuous charging current			100	А
Continuous discharge current			100	A
Discharge output resistance		<2		mΩ
Normal operating power		<40		mA
Dormancy power consumption		50	0	uA

6. Basic parameters

6.1. Basic parameters

Function name	Function settings	Item list	Set value	Setting range	
		Single high	3500mV	Can be set	
		pressure alarm	5500111 V		
	Open	High pressure			
		recovery of	3400mV	Can be set	
Single voltage		monomer			
alarm		Single low	2900mV	Can be set	
		voltage alarm	2900m v		
	Open	Low pressure			
		recovery of	3000mV	Can be set	
		monomer			
		Monomer			
		overweight	3650mV	Can be set	
		protection			
		Recovery of		Can be set	
		monomeric	3400mV		
Monomer		overpressure			
overweight protection		Overpressure recovery recovery recharge capacity 96%		below intermitten	
		conditions	Two conditions must b		
			The discharge current	>1 A was detected	
		1			
		Under voltage protection voltage	2700mV	Can be set	
		Under voltage		Can be set	
		recovery	2900mV		
Monomer underpressure protection		voltage			
	Open	Single under pressure shutdown	Shut down after under and maintain 1 minute	01	
		Under pressure			
		recovery	Charging current detect	cted >1 A	
		conditions			

	Total pressure		
Or.	high pressure alarm	56.0V	Can be set
	Total pressure recovery	54.0V	Can be set
Battery Total Pressure Alarm	Total Pressure Low Pressure Alarm	46.4V	Can be set
Open	Den Total pressure and low pressure recovery	48.0V	Can be set
		1	
Total pressure overvoltage <mark>Open</mark> protection	Total pressure overvoltage protection	57.6V	Can be set
	Total pressure relief	54.0V	Can be set
	Overpressure recovery conditions	1.monomer voltage drop overvoltagerecovery point2.residual capacity below intermittentrecharge capacity 96%Two conditions must be met for recoveryThe discharge current >1 A was detected	
	Total pressure underpressure protection	41.6V	Can be set
Total pressure	Total underpressure recovery	46.0V	Can be set
underpressure Open protection	Total undervoltage shutdown	Shut down after undervoltage protection and maintain 1 minute communication	
	Underpressure recovery conditions	Charging current detec	cted >1 A
	Charge High Temperature	50°C	Can be set

	<mark>Open</mark>	Total pressure high pressure alarm	56.0V	Can be set
Battery Total Pressure Alarm	Total pressure recovery	54.0V	Can be set	
	Total Pressure Low Pressure Alarm	46.4V	Can be set	
	Open	Total pressure and low pressure recovery	48.0V	Can be set
		Total pressure overvoltage protection	57.6V	Can be set
Total pressure overvoltage Open protection		Total pressure relief	54.0V	Can be set
	<mark>Open</mark>	Overpressure recovery conditions	 3.monomer voltage drop overvoltage recovery point 4.residual capacity below intermittent recharge capacity 96% Two conditions must be met for recovery 	
			The discharge current	>1 A was detected
		Total pressure underpressure protection	41.6V	Can be set
Total pressure underpressure Open protection	Open	Total underpressure recovery	46.0V	Can be set
	Total undervoltage shutdown	Shut down after undervoltage protection and maintain 1 minute communication		
		Underpressure recovery conditions	Charging current detected >1 A	
		Charge High Temperature Alarm	50°C	Can be set

		· · · · ·		
		Charging High Temperature Recovery	47°C	Can be set
Cell temperature		Overcharge protection	55°C	Can be set
forbidden to charge	open	Overcharge recovery	50°C	Can be set
ennge		Charge Low Temperature Alarm	2°C	Can be set
		Low temperature charging recovery	5°C	Can be set
		Undercharge protection	-10°C	Can be set
		Recovery of undercharging	0°C	Can be set
		High Temperature Discharge Alarm	52°C	Can be set
		High temperature discharge recovery	47°C	Can be set
Cell temperature forbidden to discharge	Discharge over temperature protection	55°C	Can be set	
	Discharge Over temperature recovery	50°C	Can be set	
	Low temperature discharge alarm	-10°C	Can be set	
	Low temperature discharge recovery	3°C	Can be set	

		Discharge		
		Under	-15°C	Can be set
		temperature		
		protection		
		Discharge		
		under	0°C	Can be set
		temperature		
		recovery		
		Environmental		
		High	50°C	Can be set
		Temperature	50 C	Can be set
		Alarm		
		Environmental		
		High	47°C	Can be set
		Temperature		
	Recovery			
		Environmental		
		Over-temperatu	60℃	Can be set
	re Protection			
		Environmental	~~ ~~	
Environmental		Overheating	55°C	Can be set
temperature	Open	Recovery Environmental		
protection		Low		
-		Temperature	0°C	Can be set
		Warning		
		Environmental		
		Low		
		Temperature	3°C	Can be set
		Recovery		
		Environmental		
		under	-10°C	Can be set
		temperature		
		protection		
		Environmental		
		under	0°C	Can be set
		temperature		
		recovery		
,		· · ·		
		Power High		
Power		Temperature	90°C	Can be set
rower		Alarm		

temperature	Open	Power High		
protection		Temperature	85°C	Can be set
		Recovery		

		Overpower protection	100°C	Can be set	
		Power Over temperature recovery		Can be set	
	Closed	Active Current		Charger current greater than 10A,opening limit	
Charging Current Limit		Passive limit flow	10A	Charger current is greater than charging overcurrent alarm (value can be set), start current limit	
	<mark>Open</mark>	Charge Limit Delay	5 minutes	After the current limit is switched on, check again 5 minutes later whether the current limit is switched on or not	
		Classes			
Charge Overcurrent	Open	Charge Over current Alarm	100A	Can be set	
Alarm	Cha O cur	Charging Over current Recovery	95A	Can be set	
Charging		Charging Over current Protection	110A	Can be set	
Charging Overcurrent Protection	<mark>Open</mark>	Charge Over current Delay	10S	Can be set	

		Over current recovery conditions	Discharge recovered immediately automatically after 60 S	or	
Effective	Charge into current		600mA		
charging current	Charge Ex	it Current	500mA		

		Discharge	1054			
Discharge		Overflow	-105A	Can be set		
Overflow	Open	Warning				
Warning		Discharge				
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		over	-103A	Can be set		
		current				
		recovery				
		Discharge				
		over-	-110A	Can be set		
		current				
Discharge		protection				
over-current	Open	Discharge				
protection	open	Over	10S	Can be set		
protection		current				
		Delay				
		Over current				
		recovery	Charge immediately, or after 60 S			
		conditions	automatically			
		T . (
		Transient	250 4	Can be set		
		Over	-250A			
		current				
		Protection				
	Open	Transient				
		Over	30mS	Can be set		
—		current				
Transient		Delay				
Overcurrent		Transient	Charge immediately,	or after 60 S		
Protection		Over				
		current	automatically			
		current				
		Recovery				
			Continuous secondary	v overcurrent,		
		Recovery	exceeding the number			
		Recovery Transient				
	Closed	RecoveryTransientOver	exceeding the number			
	Closed	RecoveryTransientOvercurrentLockOvercurrent	exceeding the number locks			
	Closed	RecoveryTransientOvercurrentLockOvercurrentlocking	exceeding the number			
	Closed	RecoveryTransientOvercurrentLockOvercurrentlockingtimes	exceeding the number locks			
	Closed	RecoveryTransientOvercurrentLockOvercurrentlocking	exceeding the number locks			

Output short circuit	Open	Short circuit protection current and delay Recovery of short circuit	Write program (not set) Charge immediately, or after 60 S automatically
		circuit protection	5

		Short circuit protection lock	Continuous output show over-current lock times		
	Open	Short circuit locking times	5 times		
		Short circuit lock release	Connect charger		
Effective	Disch	narge into current	-500mA		
discharge current	Discharg current	e withdrawal	-400mA		
		Standby balance	Uncharged/discha equilibr	•	
	<mark>Open</mark>	Standby equalization time	10 hours	Can be set	
	<mark>Open</mark>	Charge Balance	Open equalization in charging state a floating state		
-	On volt age con diti on	Balanced on voltage	3350mV	Can be set	
		Equilibrium Open Pressure	30mV		
Core equalization function		Equilibrium end differential pressure	20mV		
		Equilibrium temperature limits	Close the temperature range evenly according to the (ambient alarm temperature)		
	Open	Equilibrium High Temperature Ban	50℃	Can be set	
		Equilibrium cryogenic prohibition	0°C		
		Failure Pressure Differential	500mV		

Core Failure Alarm	Open	Core recovery pressure differential	300mV	Can be set
-----------------------	------	---	-------	------------

	Batte	ery rated capacity	100Ah	5Ah To 200Ah		
Pattory	Batter	y residual ty	Estimation of core voltage	Can be set		
Battery capacity setting		lated cycle	20% Number of cycle (Set)			
C	Open	Residual capacity alarm	15%			
	<mark>Open</mark>	Residual capacity protection	8%	Turn off output		
	1					
	Boot/activa	te	BMS in hibernation, press S reset button,The BMS is activated and the LED indicator lights up in turn and			
Reset button			turns into normal working condition. BMS in standby or working			
			condition (except charging), press 3			
	Shutdown/S	Sleen	S reset button, BMS is dormant,			
		, icop	After the LED indicator lights up in			
			turn, it turns to sleep.			
			T			
Precharge function	2000ms	0~5000ms	BMS boot up pree	charge function		
BMS Power	Open	Maximum	48h (Charger is no	ot present and no		
Management		standby time	effective discha	rge current)		
		Low temperature heating of core	0°C	Can be set		
Low temperature heating of core	Closed	Core heating recovery	10°C			
6		Heating on logic	The charger is on line and the temperature of the cell reaches the opening condition. Turn on and heat up.No heating in standby state and discharge state			
External		BMS in standby state can operate external switch off and				
switches	Open	turn on BMS.	*			
LCD screen	Open	Simple monitorin current and other	ng software, can view th her data.	e core,temperature,		

Manual charging activation	<mark>Open</mark>	1 point	After undervoltage protection BMS shut down,manually press the button to clear the undervoltage protection Forced output	Can be set
Compensation	Compensation point 1	$0 \mathrm{m}\Omega$	9	Content
impedance	Compensation point 2	$0 \mathrm{m}\Omega$	13	Can be set

6.2. Basic mode of work

6.2.1. charging mode

BMS the charging MOSFET is turned on when the charger connection is detected and the external charging voltage is greater than 0.5 V of the internal battery voltage Charge. When the charging current reaches the effective charging current, enter the charging mode. both charge and discharge MOSFET are closed in charging mode.

6.2.2. discharge mode

BMS into discharge mode when the load connection is detected and the discharge current reaches the effective discharge current.

6.2.3. standby mode

When the above two modes are not satisfied, enter standby mode.

6.2.4, shutdown mode

normal standby for 48 hours, battery trigger undervoltage protection, perform keystroke shutdown or external switch shutdown, BMS enter shutdown mode. wake-up condition of shutdown mode : 1, charge activation ; 2,48 V voltage activation ; 3, key start.

6.3. LED light indication instructions

6.3.1、LED lamp sequence

1 operational light ,1 alarm light ,4 capacity indicator lights



6.3.2. Capacity indication

Status		Status				Discharge			
Capacity indicat	Capacity indicator		L3 🔵	L2	L1 🔵	L4	L3 •	L2	L1 🔵
									Solid
	0~25%	OFF	OFF	OFF	Flash	OFF	OFF	OFF	Green
$25 \sim$					Solid			Solid	Solid
	50%	OFF	OFF	Flash	Green	OFF	OFF	Green	Green
	50 \sim			Solid	Solid		Solid	Solid	Solid
	75%	OFF	Flash	Green	Green	OFF	Green	Green	Green
		Flas	Solid	Solid	Solid	Solid	Solid	Solid	Solid
	≥75%	h	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green
Running indicate	or light	Solid C	Breen			Flash			

6.3.3. Light Blink explanation

Flash Mode	ON	OFF
Flash 1	0.25s	3.75s
Flash 2	0.5s	0.5s
Flash 3	0.5s	1.5s

6.3.4. State indication

System	Running	RUN	ALM		S	C		Nata
state	state		•					Note
Shutdown	Sleep	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF
Stand by	Normal	Flash	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	Standby status
	Normal	Solid Green	OFF	Accor	ding to b	attery in	dicator	Highest LED flash 2
	Alarm	Solid Green	Flash2	Accor	According to battery indicator			Highest LED flash 2
Charge	overvoltage protection	Flash1	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	
	Temperature ,overcurrent protection	Flash1	Flash1	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	
	Normal	Flash3	OFF	Accord	ling to ba	atterv ind	licator	According to battery indicator
	Alarm	Flash3	Flash3		0	5		
Discharg e	Temperature ,overcurrent , short circuit protection	OFF	Solid Green	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	Stop discharging, forced dormancy without action after 48h when the mains is offline
	Under-volta	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	Stopping Discharge

ae a				
ge				
protection				
protection				

7. functional description

7.1. standby state

BMS the correct connection on the power, in no overvoltage, undervoltage, overcurrent, short circuit, over temperature, under temperature and other protection state, press the reset button to boot, BMS in standby state. BMS standby state, the running lamp flashes, and the battery can be charged and discharged.

7.2. over-protection and rehabilitation

7.2.1. monomer overcharge protection and recovery

If any section of the battery core is higher than the set value of the monomer overcharge protection, the BMS enters the overcharge protection state, and the charging equipment can not charge the battery.

After the monomer overvoltage protection, when the maximum monomer voltage drops below the monomer overcharge recovery value and the SOC is below 96%, the overcharge protection state is relieved. can also discharge release.

7.2.2. Total pressure overcharge protection and recovery

If the battery voltage is higher than the set value of the total voltage overcharge protection, the BMS enters the overcharge protection state, and the charging equipment can not charge the battery. If the total voltage drops below the recovery value and SOC below 96%, the overcharge protection is relieved. It can also be released Except.

7.3. Protection and rehabilitation

7.3.1. protection and restoration of monomers

If any section of the battery core is lower than the set value of the monomer over-discharge protection, the BMS enters the over-discharge protection state, and the load can not discharge the battery. Hold 1 minute communication after BMS shutdown.

BMS discharge undervoltage protection after shutdown, button activation or charge activation, BMS maintain 1 minute output voltage to the inverter detection battery voltage, so 1 minute discharge is not allowed.

After over-discharge protection occurs, charging the battery pack can release the over-discharge protection state. or press the reset button, BMS will boot to re- detect whether the battery pack voltage reaches the recovery value.

7.3.2. Total pressure protection and recovery

when the battery voltage is lower than the total voltage over-discharge protection

set value, the BMS enters the over-discharge protection state, and the load can not discharge the battery. Hold 1 minute communication after BMS shutdown.

BMS discharge undervoltage protection after shutdown, button activation or charge activation, BMS maintain 1 minute output voltage to the inverter detection battery voltage, so 1 minute discharge is not allowed.

After over-discharge protection occurs, charging the battery pack can release the over-discharge protection state. or press the reset button, BMS will boot to redetect whether the battery pack voltage reaches the recovery value.

7.4. charging overcurrent protection and recovery

charging overcurrent protection can be triggered when there is no charging current limiting function.when the charging current exceeds the charging overcurrent protection setting value and reaches the delay time. BMS access charging overcurrent protection, charging equipment can not charge the battery.

After charging overcurrent protection occurs, the BMS automatically delays recovery and re-detects the external charger current. discharge can also remove the charging overcurrent protection.

7.5. discharge overcurrent protection and recovery

when the discharge current exceeds the discharge overcurrent protection setting value and reaches the delay time. BMS into the discharge overcurrent protection, the load can not charge the battery.

After the discharge overcurrent protection occurs, the BMS automatically delays recovery and re-detects the external load current. charging can also release the discharge overcurrent protection.

Discharge over-current protection has two-stage protection to achieve transient over-current protection and discharge over-current protection recovery. Transient protection occurs when the number of times the condition will be locked, recovery must be turned off in the boot or charge release.

$7.\,6.$ temperature protection and recovery

BMS there are 6 temperature detection ports, the implementation of monitoring temperature changes to achieve protection measures.

7.6.1. charge/discharge high temperature protection and recovery

When charging and discharging state ,4 cores NTC arbitrarily one higher than the high temperature protection set value, BMS into the high temperature protection. BMS stop charging or discharging.

If the temperature of the core is lower than the high temperature recovery value, the charge or discharge BMS resume.

7.6.2. charge/discharge low temperature protection and recovery

When charging and discharging state ,4 cores NTC randomly one lower than the low temperature protection set value, BMS into the low temperature protection. BMS stop charging or discharging.

If the core temperature is higher than the low temperature recovery value, the charge or discharge BMS resume.

7.6.3. ambient temperature alarm, power temperature protection

When the NTC detects that the ambient temperature is higher than the ambient high temperature set value, BMS alarm occurs. BMS will not stop charging and discharging. When the NTC detects that the power temperature is higher than the power protection set value, the BMS enters the power high temperature protection. BMS stop charging and discharging.

7.7. Balanced function

BMS should have standby and charge equalization function, the system adopts energy consumption type equalization circuit, the equalization open voltage software is adjustable, the equalization open condition any section is higher than the equalization open voltage and the pressure difference reaches the condition together. when stop charging or the core pressure difference is less than the set value.

Serial number	Function	Definition
1	Boot/boot	BMS in hibernation, press the reset button, the BMS is activated, After the LED indicator lights shine in turn, turn to normal working state.
2	Shutdown / Sleep	BMS in standby or discharge state, press this key, after 3 s, the BMS is dormant, and the LED indicator lights shine in turn, and turn to sleep state. Sleep after BMS no power consumption.
3	External switches	External switch can control BMS switch machine, external switch priority

7.8. Turn on and off

7.9. Storage functions

BMS shall have an information storage module which includes: protection and alarm and its categories, recovery time for protection and alarm, single cell voltage, total battery pack voltage, charge/discharge capacity, charge/discharge current, temperature, etc. Recorded in years/month/day/hour/minute/second, or by setting up, record the information content within a certain period of time. The amount of information stored is not less than 300. History data can be read through the PC and saved as excel files into the computer.

8. Dimensional mapping





9. Reference diagram and connection instructions



Note: There may be some differences between the actual product and the physical drawing of the above products.

9.1. Wiring definition

Wire A (Blac	ck strip)	
Connect to the negative of the first battery	CELL1-	Connect to the negative of the first battery
2 Connect to the positive pole of the first battery 3 Connect to the positive pole of the second battery	CELL1+	Connect to the positive pole of the first battery
4 Connect to the positive pole of the third battery 5 Connect to the positive pole of the fourth battery	CELL2+	Connect to the positive pole of the second battery
Connect temperature sensor NTC1	CELL3+	Connect to the positive pole of the third battery
Connect to the positive pole of the fifth battery	CELL4+	Connect to the positive pole of the fourth battery
10 Connect to the positive pole of the seventh battery 11 Connect to the positive pole of the eighth battery	NTC1+	Connect temperature sensor NTC1
Connect temperature sensor NTC2	NTC1-	Connect temperature sensor NTC1
	CELL5+	Connect to the positive pole of the fifth battery
	CELL6+	Connect to the positive pole of the sixth battery
	CELL7+	Connect to the positive pole of the seventh battery
	CELL8+	Connect to the positive pole of the eighth battery
	NTC2+	Connect temperature sensor NTC2

NTC2-	Connect temperature sensor NTC2

Wire B (Wh	ite strip)	
Connect the cathode of the ninth battery	CELL9-	Connect the cathode of the ninth battery
2 Connect to the positive pole of the ninth battery 3 Connect to the positive pole of the ninth battery	CELL9+	Connect to the positive pole of the ninth battery
Connect to the positive pole of the eleventh battery Connect the positive pole of the eleventh battery Connect to the positive pole of the twelfth battery	CELL10+	Connect to the positive pole of the tenth battery
Connect temperature sensor NTC3	CELL11+	Connect the positive pole of the eleventh battery
Connect the positive pole of the thirteenth battery	CELL12+	Connect to the positive pole of the twelfth battery
10 Connect to the positive pole of the fifteenth battery	NTC3+	Connect temperature sensor NTC3
11 Connect the positive pole of the sixteenth battery	NTC3-	Connect temperature sensor NTC3
	CELL13+	Connect the positive pole of the thirteenth battery
-	CELL14+	Connect to the positive pole of the fourteenth battery
-	CELL15+	Connect to the positive pole of the fifteenth battery
	CELL16+	Connect the positive pole of the sixteenth battery
	NTC4+	Connect temperature sensor NTC4
	NTC4-	Connect temperature sensor NTC4

9.2. order of up and down

Assembly sequence: Connect the motherboard B- first, connect wiring harness A and Wiring harness B in turn, connect wiring harness B+ in the motherboard, and finally connect wiring P+ and P-to charger or load (The motherboard is in shutdown state after connecting the wire. Turn on external switch. Charging also activates the BMS)

Dismantling sequence: Disconnect charger or load first (Disconnect the external switch, The LED sturn off one by one), then disconnect B+, wire harness B, wire harness A successively, and finally Disconnect B-.

Input and output:

When Charging: the positive pole of the charger is connected to the "P+" of the protection plate, and the negative pole of the charger is connected to the "P-" of the protection plate.

When Discharging: The positive pole of the load is connected to the "P+" of the protection plate, and the negative pole of the load is connected to the "P-" of the protection plate.

10. Communications

10.1. CAN communications

BMS have battery pack upload CAN communication function, 500K baud rate CAN communication interface adopts 8 P8C network interface. You can communicate with the inverter or CAN TEST via CAN interface. When the battery pack is connected, By RS485 communication sets, The data, status and information of battery pack are uploaded and PCS. by CAN communication CAN communication interface definition:



10.2. RS485 communications

BMS RS485 communication with battery packs, <mark>baud rate 19200 bps</mark>. RS485 communication interface adopts 8 P8C network interface.

RS485 communication interface definition:



10.3. parallel communication

RS485 interface is used as parallel communication interface and CAN interface as upper communication interface. the terminal device can read the sum of battery data of all parallel PACK through the CAN interface. RS485 interface connection is shown in the following figure:



10.4. Dial code address selection

Definition of parallel machine dialing switch: multi-machine communication when the battery Pack is in parallel. The dial switch is used to distinguish the different PACK addresses. The hardware address can be set by the dial switch on the board.

The code dialing switches bit1 to bit8 define: bit1 to bit4 is used to set the address and bit5 to bit8 is used to set the number of slave machines.

Host setting: bit1 to bit4 is 0, host address is fixed at 0, bit5 to bit8 is set according to the number of parallel slave machines. (See Table 2)

From machine: bit1 to bit4 is set according to device order, from machine address range 1 to 15.Bit5 through bit8 is fixed at 0. (See table 1)

Address settings: Dial code switches are defined in the following table



addr ess	I	Dial the code	n	Note	
	#1	#2	#3	#4	
1	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	Pack1
2	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	Pack2
3	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	Pack3
4	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	Pack4
5	ON	OFF	ON	OFF	Pack5
6	OFF	ON	ON	OFF	Pack6
7	ON	ON	ON	OFF	Pack7
8	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	Pack8
9	ON	OFF	OFF	ON	Pack9
10	OFF	ON	OFF	ON	Pack10
11	ON	ON	OFF	ON	Pack11
12	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	Pack12
13	ON	OFF	ON	ON	Pack13
14	OFF	ON ON		ON	Pack14
15	ON	ON	ON	ON	Pack15

From the machine address(See Table 1)

Host address(See Table 2)

Numb er of comp uters	ſ	Dial the code s	Note		
	#5	#6 #7 #8			
1	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	Stand-alone use
2	ON	OFF	OFF	ON	2 units in parallel
3	OFF	ON	OFF	ON	3 units in parallel
4	ON	ON	OFF	ON	4 units in parallel
5	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	5 units in parallel
6	ON	OFF	ON	ON	6 units in parallel

7	OFF	ON	ON	ON	7 units in parallel
8	ON	ON	ON	ON	8 units in parallel
9	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	9 units in parallel
10	ON	OFF	OFF	ON	10 units in parallel
11	OFF	ON	OFF	ON	11 units in parallel
12	ON	ON	OFF	ON	12 units in parallel
13	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	13 units in parallel
14	ON	OFF	ON	ON	14 units in parallel
15	OFF	ON	ON	ON	15 units in parallel

Example of parallel dial code setting

Number of Dial the code switch position									
Number of	#1	#2	#3			1	#7	#8	Note
computers Use single	#T	#2 OFF	#3 OFF	#4 OFF	#5 OFF	#6 OFF	#7 OFF	#8 OFF	Stand-alone use
	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	The first host
Two weaver	ON	OFF	The second slave						
	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	The first host
Three weaver	ON	OFF	The second slave						
	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	The third slave
	I							I	I
I	l		I			I		I	I
	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	ON	ON	The first host
_	ON	OFF	The second slave						
	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	The third slave
	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	The fourth slave
16 sets weaver	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	The fifth slave
	ON	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	The sixth slave
	OFF	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	Seventh slave
	ON	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	Eighth slave

-									
	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	The ninth slave
	ON	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	The tenth slave
	OFF	ON	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	The eleventh slave
	ON	ON	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	Twelfth slave
	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	The thirteenth slave
	ON	OFF	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	Fourteenth slave
	OFF	ON	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	Fifteenth slave
	ON	ON	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	Sixteenth slave

11. LCD Screen

 $Please \ refer \ to \ the \ LCD \ screen \ specification \ for \ detailed \ instructions$





12. Points for attention

• Battery management systems can not be used in series.

• BMS power components withstand voltage 100 V.

• If the battery module is assembled in the form of long wire and long copper bar, it must communicate with the BMS manufacturer for impedance compensation. Otherwise, it will affect the consistency of the cell.

• The external switch on BMS is prohibited to connect with other equipment. If necessary, please confirm with the technology for docking. Otherwise, BMS will not bear any responsibility for damage.

ullet Do not touch the surface of the core directly when assembling, so as not to damage the core. The assembly should be firm and reliable.

• In use pay attention to lead wire head, soldering iron, solder and so on do not touch the components on the circuit board, otherwise it may damage the circuit board.

ullet Use process should pay attention to anti-static, moisture-proof, waterproof and so on.

• Please follow the design parameters and use conditions during use, must not exceed the value in this specification, otherwise it may damage the protection board.

• After combining the battery pack and the protection plate, if you find no voltage output or charge, please check the wiring is correct.

ullet The final interpretation right is owned by our company.