

LT-455-10W-FC-T-U

455nm/10W/Fiber Coupled Lasers /With TEC/Unpluggable Fiber



■ Features

- 455nm Blue Diode Lasers
- Built-in TEC Cooling
- 100um,200um,400um Selectable With Unpluggable Fiber

■ Applications

- Medical & Treatment
- Industrial Marking & Cutting
- Industrial Soldering

■ Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Reverse Current	$I_r(LD)$	85	mA
Operating Temperature	T_{opr}	0 ~ +70	°C
Storage Temperature	T_{stg}	-40 ~ +85	°C
Lead soldering temperature (10 sec.)	T_{sld}	260	°C

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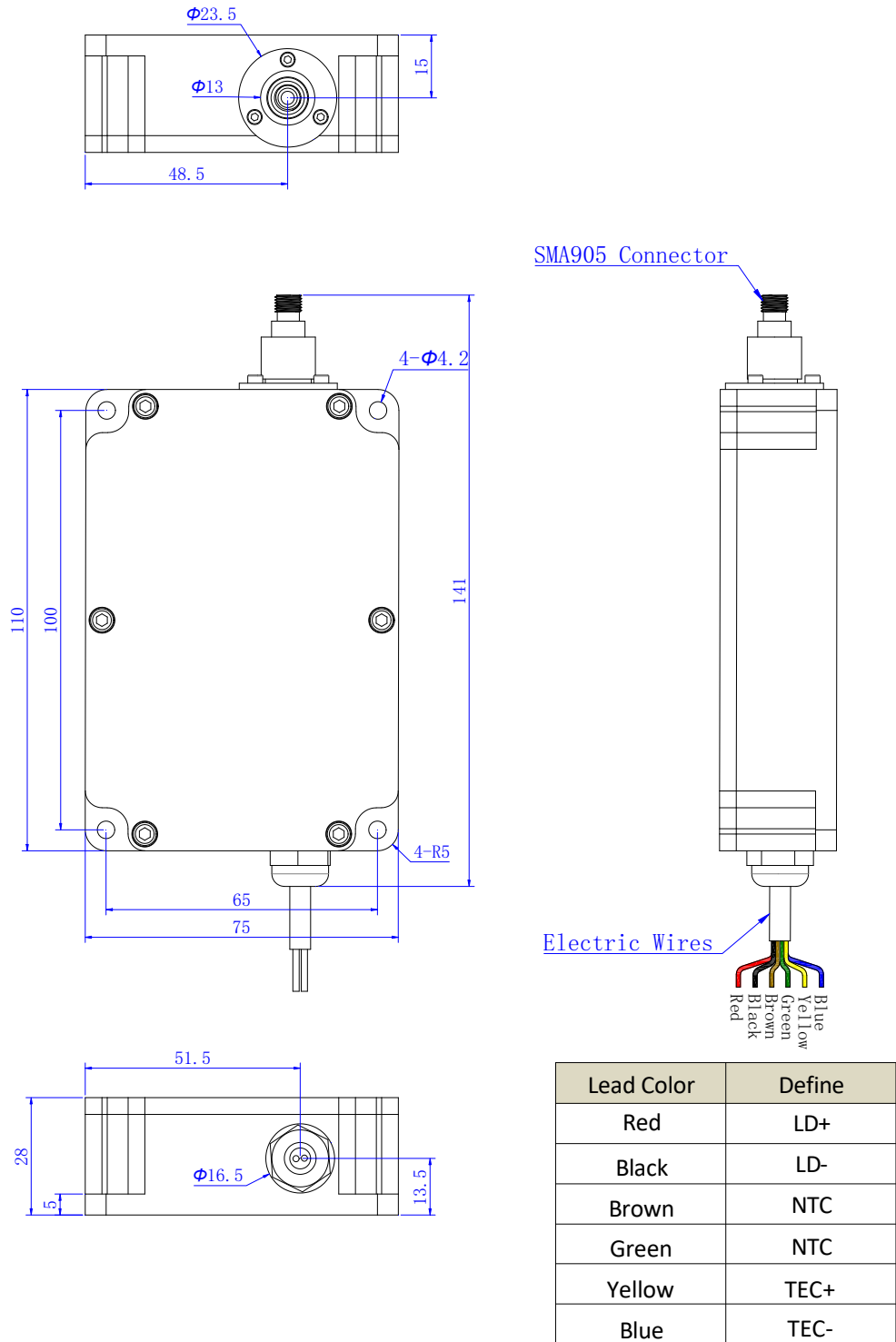
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■ Optical and Electrical Characteristics (Tc=25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Test Condition
Center Wavelength	λ_c	450	455	460	nm	Po=10W
Spectral Width (FWHM)	$\Delta\lambda$	—	2	—	nm	Po=10W
Optical Output Power	Po	9	10	11	W	Iop=3.5A
Fiber Type	—	Multi Mode Fiber			—	—
Fiber Core Diameter	—	100,200,400 selectable			um	—
Numerical Aperture	NA	0.22			—	—
Fiber Connector	—	SMA905, FC selectable			—	—
Working Condition	—	CW			—	—
Thermistor	Rt	—	50	—	K	—
Threshold Current	Ith	240	—	440	mA	—
Operating Current	Iop	—	3.0	3.5	A	Po=10W
Operating Voltage	Vop	12	—	15	V	Po=10W
TEC Current Max	Iop(TEC)	—	—	5.6	A	—
TEC Operating Max	Vop(TEC)	—	—	30.8	V	—

■ Outline Dimensions



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■ Cautions

1. Laser light can damage the human eye and skin. Do not expose the eye and skin to any laser light directly or through optical lenses. Focused laser beam through optical instruments will increase the chance of eye hazard.
2. The laser needs a stable driver to avoid surges. The instantaneous reverse current and reverse voltage should not exceed the absolute maximum ratings, otherwise it will damage the laser diode.
3. Semiconductor lasers are sensitive to temperature, working at high temperatures will reduce the photoelectric conversion efficiency and accelerate the aging of laser diode. It should be used under adequate heat dissipation or cooling conditions.
4. The laser should be used at the rated current and rated power, the output power is too high will accelerate the aging of laser diode.
5. Semiconductor lasers are electrostatic sensitive devices, anti-static measures should be taken during storage and transportation.
6. Lasers should be stored or work in a dry, ventilated environment to prevent damage to the laser from condensation.
7. The light emitting surface (cavity surface) is the key parts of the laser diode, any handling to damage the cavity surface should be strictly prohibited. It should be ensured that the laser diode is not contaminated, and damaged in mechanical.
8. The fiber should not be bent at large angles, it should be ensured that the diameter of the bend should be more than 300 times the diameter of the fiber.

