

# Porcupine (Wnt) Inhibitor IWP-2

**Chemical Name:** N-(6-methylbenzo[d]thiazol-2-yl)-2-((4-oxo-3-phenyl-3,4,6,7-tetrahydrothieno[3,2-d]pyrimidin-2-yl)thio)acetamide



Molecular Weight:	466.60
Formula:	$C_{22}H_{18}N_4O_2S_3$
Purity:	≥98%
CAS#:	686770-61-6
Solubility:	DMSO up to 10 mM
Storage	Powder: 4 °C 1 year
	DMSO: 4 °C 3 month
	-20 °C 1 year

# **Biological Activity:**

IWP-2 is a potent and highly selective Wnt signaling antagonist with an  $IC_{50} \sim 27$  nM in the L-Wnt-STF cellular assay. It prevents palmitoylation of Wnt proteins by Porcupine (a membrane-bound O-acyltransferase), thereby blocking Wnt protein secretion and activity. It blocks Wnt-dependent phosphorylation of Lrp6 receptor and Dvl2, and  $\beta$ -catenin accumulation. IWP-2 is a useful chemical probe in both regenerative medicine and anticancer efforts.

# How to Use:

In vitro: IWP-2 was used at 1-2  $\mu$ M in vitro and in cellular assays.

### In vivo: n/a

### **Reference:**

- 1. Chen B, et al. Small molecule-mediated disruption of Wnt-dependent signaling in tissue regeneration and cancer. (2009) Nat Chem Biol. 5(2):100-7.
- 2. ten Berge D, et al. Embryonic stem cells require Wnt proteins to prevent differentiation to epiblast stem cells. (2011) Nat Cell Biol. 13(9):1070-5.
- 3. Lian X, et al. Robust cardiomyocyte differentiation from human pluripotent stem cells via temporal modulation of canonical Wnt signaling. (2012) Proc Natl Acad Sci USA. 109(27):E1848-57.

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