

NHMD100.4

User Manual



4 CHANNEL POWER AMPLIFIER

INTRODUCTION

Thank you for your purchase of our Nakamichi product and we warmly welcome you to the Nakamichi family! Do keep your original invoice and purchase receipt in a safe place in case of future service and warranty claims. You may also contact your appointed Nakamichi service agent for any future technical support requirements.

ACCESSORY LIST

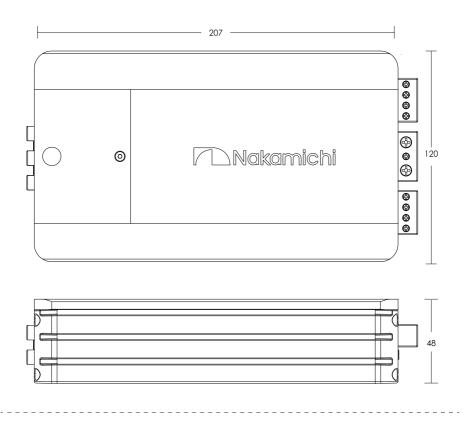
1. User Manual	2pcs	
2. Amplifier	1pc	
3. Mounting Screw(Ф4x20mm)	4pcs	
4. Mounting Bracket Screw(Φ4x6mm)	4pcs	
5. Remote Control	1set	
6.Fixing frame (34x20mm)	4pcs	
7.L-type wrench(L=77mm)	1pcs	
8.L-type wrench(L=90mm)	1pcs	
9.High input line(L=30mm)	1pcs	

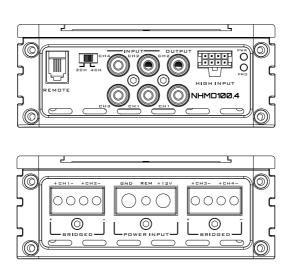
SPECIFIATIONS

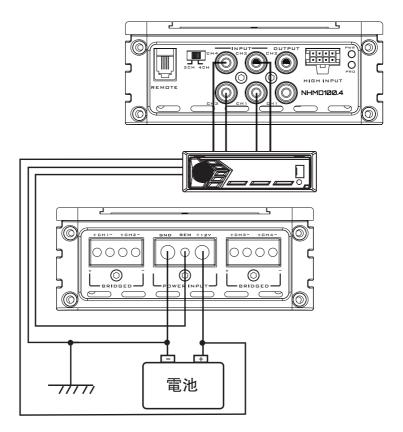
N-power Output $@4\Omega$	100Wx4
N-power Output@2Ω	125Wx4
N-power Output@4 Ω (bridged)	200Wx2
Max power	2500W
T.H.D	≤0.1%
Frequency Response	20Hz-20kHz
Signal To Noise Ratio +A	≥90dB
Sensitivity	0.15V-8V
Unit Dimensions(LxHxW)	222x120x48mm
Net Weight	Approx. 1.4kg
Box Dimensions(LxHxW)	295x218x75mm
Gross Weight	Approx. 2.5kg

All specifications subject to change without notice.

DIMENSIONS (UNIT:MM)







Notes on the power supply

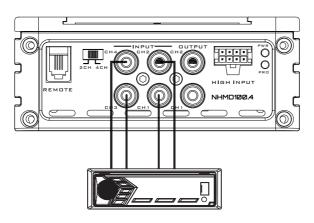
Connect the +12V power input lead only after all other leads have been connected. Be sure to connect the ground wire of the unit securely to a meatal part of the car. A lose connection may cause a malfunction of the amplifier.

REMOTE:

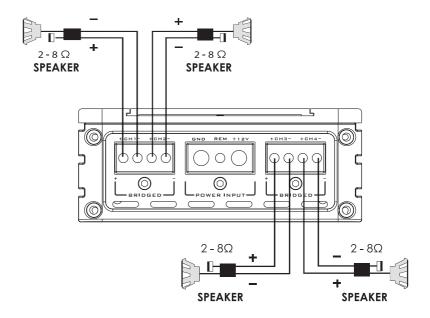
The unit is turned on by applying +12Volts to this terminal. This terminal does not draw heavy current like the two power terminal so a thinner connecting wire is acceptable. Standard 18 GAUGE is fine and the standard colour is yellow. If the radio is equipped with a power antenna control wire, it can drive this terminal. If the power antenna wire is already in use, you can still splice into it. With this method, the unit will turn on automatically with the radio.

POWER CONNECTION LEADS

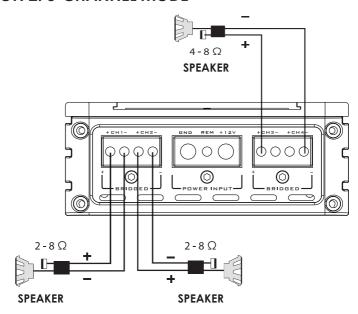
Use the power supply lead with a fuse attached whose value is the same as original fuse. Place the fuse in power supply lead as close as possible to the car battery. During a full power operation, MaxImum current will run through the system. Therefore. Make sure the that the leads to be connected to the +12V and GND terminals of the unit respectively must be larger than 8-Gauge(AWG.8).



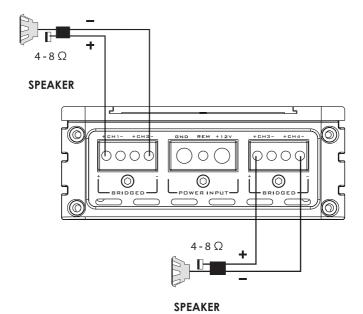
CONNECTION 1: 4-CHANNEL MODE



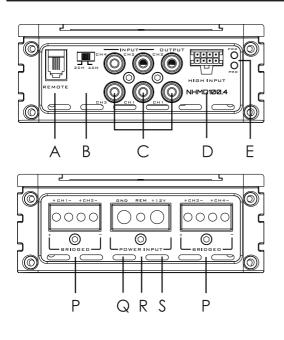
CONNECTION 2: 3-CHANNEL MODE

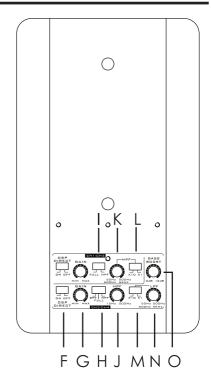


CONNECTION 3: 2-CHANNEL MODE



PANEL CONTROLS AND FEATURES





A. ROMOTE LEVEL CONTROL INPUT

Attached the included remote level control here to cantrol the volume level to the subwoofer independently.

B. CHANNEL CONTROL

Depending on the switch selected, the amplifier will operate in 2CH or 4CH input mode.

C. LOW LEVEL RCA INPUT

These RCA input jacks connect with your source unit RCA low level outputs or via optional adapter with your source unit speaker high level outputs. The use of high quality twisted pair car audio cables is recommended to reduce the possibility of audio signal degration.

D. HIGH LEVEL INPUT

The high-level input should only be used when your receiver lacks RCA output. if there are no RCA output available, connect the speaker output from the receiver to the amplifier's high level input connector. Be sure to note the polarity to avoid audio phase problems.

PANEL CONTROLS AND FEATURES

E. POWER AND PROTECTION INDICATOR

The protection red LED will light up and flash if there is a fault present in the amplifier. Please disconnect the amplifier and resolve the foult before reconnecting the amplifier.

The power indicator green LED will light up when the amplifier is working correctly.

F. DSP DIRECT CONTROL

Depending on the selected switch, the amplifier can select DSP mode on or off.

G. SPEAKER GAIN CONTROL

The gain control will match the amplifiers sensitivity to the source signal voltage.

H. CH3/CH4 SPEAKER CROSSOVER CONTROL

Depending on the selected switch the amplfier will operate at full or hpf or bpf mode.

I. CH1/CH2 SPEAKER CROSSOVER CONTROL

Depending on the selected switch the amplfier will operate at full or hpf mode.

J. CH3/CH4 SPEAKER HIGH PASS CROSSOVER FREQUENCY

Controls high frequency of the amplifier between 15Hz to 500Hz.

K. CH1/CH2 SPEAKER HIGH PASS CROSSOVER FREQUENCY

Controls high frequency of the amplifier between 50Hz to 500Hz/500Hz to 5KHz.

L. CH1/CH2 SPEAKER HIGH PASS CROSSOVER FREQUENCY

Depending on the selected switch can controls high frequency of the amplifier between dube 1 times or 10 times.

M. CH3/CH4 SPEAKER LOW PASS CROSSOVER FREQUENCY

Depending on the selected switch can controls high frequency of the amplifier between dube 1 times or 10 times.

N. CH3/CH4 SPEAKER LOW PASS CROSSOVER FREQUENCY

Controls high frequency of the amplifier between 50Hz to 500Hz/500Hz to 5KHz.

O. CH3/CH4 BASS BOOST

The BASS BOOST feature will increase the sound level in the bass frequencies.

PANEL CONTROLS AND FEATURES

P. SPEAKER CONNECTIONS

Connect your speakers and woofers to there terminals, ensuring proper polarity during connection. Never connect the speaker cables to the chassis ground.

Q. GND(-) = GROUND CONNECTION

Connect this coble directly to the metal frame of the vehicle, ensuring that the metal frame has been strpped of all paint down to the bare metal. Use the shortest distance possible. It is atways a good idea to replace the vehicle battery groudn terminal or any other factory ground points.

R. POWER ON CONTROL OF AMPLIFIER

The amplifier REM-IN should be connected to the REM-OUT of the source unit. The source unit will control the amplifier to automatically turn on or off.

S. +12V = POWER SUPPLY

Connect this terminal through a fuse or circuit beraker to the positive terminal of the vehicle battery or the positive terminal of an isolated audio system battery.

INTERFERENCE

All cables can create interference. The power cable and cinch / RCA audio cables are very prone to interference from other sources, while remote cables are less prone. Interference is often caused by the generator, ignition, or any other electronic parts or systems. Most of these problems can be eliminated by correct and careful wiring during setup. Here are some guidelines to follow.

- Use only a shielded audio cable for the wiring between the low level input of the amplifier and the RCA or DIN output of the radio.
- Lay the signal, speaker and power cables separately with enough distance from one another and also from each other car cable. Ir not possible, you can lay the circuit and ground cable together with the serial cables. Audio and speaker cable should be as far away from these as possible. The REM cable to the automatic antenna output of the radio can be laid together with the signal cables.
- Avoid ground loops by laying the ground wiring of all components towards a central point in a star layout. You can locate fne best point by measuring the voltage directly at the battery, and comparing the voltage value with the chosen ground point and the positive terminal of the amplifier. If the measured voltage is only slightly different, you've found the correct central location. Other wise please look for another point. You should measure with the ignition point for earth switched on.
- If there are pickups from external electrical sources into the speaker cables, divide the core leads and twist them together.
- If there are noises from the car electrics, add an interference suppression choke into the power wiring.
- If there are humming noises, use thicker ground cables or add further ground cables to the chassis.
- To reduce contact resistance and bad and loose contacts, please solder the cable ends or use multi core cable ends, spade terminals or others. Gold Plated spade terminal are free of corrosion and have the lowest contact resistance.
- Should all these measures not bring about any success, the use of a ground loop isolator may solve the problem.

TROUBLESHOOTING

If you experience operation or performance problems with this product, compare your installation with the electrical wiring diagram on the previous pages. If problems persist, read the following troubleshooting tips which may help eliminate the problems.

SYMPTOM	POSSIBLE CAUSE	ACTION TO TAKE
NO OUTPUT	•Low or no remote turn-on input	Check remote turn-on voltage output at amplifier and correct as needed
	•Fuse blown	Check power wire integrity and reversed polarity, repair as needed and replace fuse
	Power wires not connected	Check power wire and ground connections and repair of replace as needed
	Audio input not connected or no output from source	Check input connections and signal integrity, repair or repalce as needed
	Speaker wires not connected	Check speaker wires and repair or replace as needed
AUDIO CYCLES ON AND OFF	•Speaker are blown	Check system with known working speaker and repair or replace speaker as needed
	•Thermal protection engages when amplifier heat sink temperature exceeds 75°C	Make sure there is proper ventilation for amplifier and improve ventilation as needed
	•Loose or poor audio input	Check input connections and repair or replace as needed
DISTORTED OUTPUT	Amplifier lecel sensitivity set too high; exceeding maximum output capability of amplifier	Reset gain referring to the turning section of the manual for detailed instructions
	•Impedance load to amplifier too low	•Check speaker impedance load, if below 2Ω stereo or 4Ω mono rewire speakers to achieve a higher impedance
	•Shorted speaker wires	Check speaker wire connections and repair or replace as needed
	•Speaker not connected to amplifier property	Check speaker wiring and repair of replace as needed refer to the installation section of this manual for detailed instructions
	•Internal crossover not set properly for speaker	Reset crossovers referring to the multi-cross crossover configuration section of this manual
DISTORTED OUTPUT (CONT'D)	•Speaker are blown	Check system with known working speaker and repair or replace as needed
POOR BASS	•Speaker wired wrong polarity causing cancellation at low frequencies	Check speaker polarity and repair as needed Reset crossovers referring to the multi-cross
RESPONSE	Crossover set incorrectly	•Crossover configuration section of this manual for detailed instructions
	•Impedance load to amplifier too low	•Check speaker impedance load, if below 2Ω stereo or 4Ω mono rewire speaker to achieve a higher impedance
	•Short in power wire or incorrect power	•Check power and ground connections and repair as
DISTORTED OUTPUT (CONT'D)	connections	needed
	•Fuse used is smaller than	Replace with proper fuse size
	recommended	•Check speaker impedance load, if below 2Ω stereo
	•Too much current being drawn	or 4Ω mono rewire speaker to achieve a higher impedance
	•Short in power wire of incorrect	Check power and ground connections and repair as needed
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FOR COMPLETE AUDIO SETTINGS INSTRUCTIONS

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