# CUT-65DS

# **AIR PLASMA CUTTIER**

Feb, 2021



### **OPERATOR'S MANUAL**



Copyright © Yeswelder



### SAFETY

#### Precautions for installation

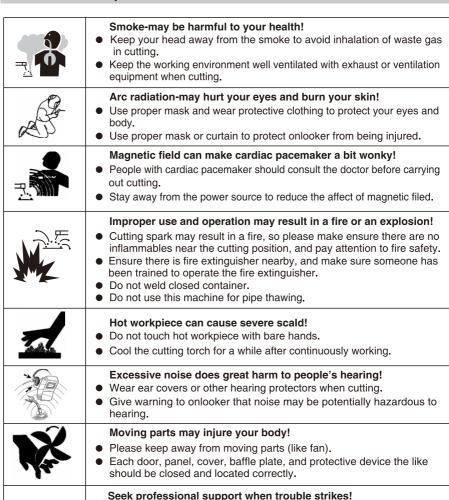
	Beware of electric shock!  Install grounding device according to application standard.
~ <u>•</u>	<ul> <li>Do not touch live parts with naked skin, wet gloves or wet clothes.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Be sure you are insulated from ground and workpiece.</li> </ul>
1	<ul> <li>Cover the cover plate of the machine before power on to avoid an electric shock.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Confirm the safety of your working position.</li> </ul>
/ シを	Beware of fire hazard!
	<ul> <li>Please install the machine on non-combustible materials to avoid a fire.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Make ensure there are no inflammables near the cutting position to avoid a fire.</li> </ul>
	Beware of explosion!
70	<ul> <li>Do not install the machine in an environment with explosive gas to avoid an explosion.</li> </ul>



# Replacing the components can be dangerous.

- Only professionals can replace the components of the machine.
- Make sure there are no foreign bodies such as wire leads, screws, gaskets and metal bars falling into the machine inside when replacing the components.
- Make sure the connecting wires inside the machine are correctly connected after replacing the PCBs, and then the machine can be run. Otherwise, there is a risk of damage to property.

### **Precautions for operation**



### **Precautions for discard**

support.

Pay attention to the following when discarding the cutting machine:

• Burning the electrolytic capacitors in the main circuit or on the PCBs may cause an explosion.

according to related contents in this manual.

• When trouble strikes in installation and operation, please inspect

 If you still cannot understand fully, or you still cannot solve the problem, please contact the dealer or the service center to obtain professional

- Burning the plastic parts such as the front panel may produce poisonous gas.
- Dispose it as industrial waste.

# **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

1. GENERAL DESCRIPTION	
1.1 Model coding	1
1.2 Technical parameters	1
1.3 Size and weight	2
1.4 Composition and configuration of the cutting machine system	3
1.5 Functions and characteristics of the cutting machine	4
1.6 System characteristics.	5
2. INSTALLATION AND CONNECTION	
2.1 Installation requirements	6
2.2 Precautions	7
3. OPERATION	
3.1 Panel functions	9
3.2 Digital panel	10
3.3 Operation method	11
3.4 Notes for cutting operation	11
3.5 Cutting parameters table	12
3.6 Replacement of electrode and nozzle	12
4. MAINTENANCE	
4.1 Daily maintenance	13
4.2 Periodic check	14

# 1. GENERAL DESCRIPTION

### 1.1 Model coding

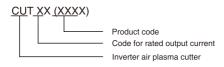


Figure 1-1: Model coding

### 1.2 Technical parameters

Table 1-1: General technical parameters

	CUT 65DS				
Rated input power supply	Single-phase AC220V 50Hz	Single-phase AC110V 50Hz			
Rated input capacity(KVA)	7.4	4.6			
Power factor	0.7	0.7			
Rated output (A/V)	65/106	45/98			
Rated duty cycle(%)	60	60			
No-load voltage(V)	265	265			
Output current range (A)	15-65				
Arc ignition mode	None HF				
Post-flow time (S)	20				
Gas pressure range (Mpa)	0.5				
Insulation grade	F				
Cooling mode	Air cooling				
Enclosure ingress protection		1S			
Efficiency (%)	85				

### 1.3 Size and weight

Table 1-2: Overall size and weight of the machine

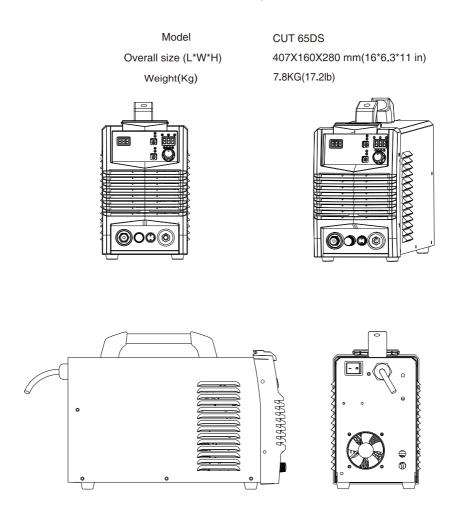


Figure 1-2: Appearance and size of the machine (Unit: mm)

### 1.4 Composition and configuration of the cutting machine system

### 1) Composition

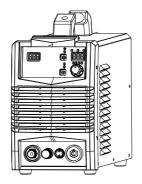


Figure 1-3: Composition of the cutting machine system

### 1.5 Functions and characteristics of the cutting machine

This is a digital plasma cutting machine with perfect function, high performance and advanced technology. CUT 65SD is an ultra-portable plasma cutting system suitable for a variety of application requirements. It can be used in handheld cutting and robot cutting as well. CUT 65DS can cut conductive metal, such as low carbon steel, stainless steel and aluminum. The cutting thickness can reach up to 25 mm and perforating thickness can reach up to 16 mm.

The forward-looking design concept of this machine and the application of a large number of advanced and mature technologies can protect user's investment to the greatest extent.

#### \* Advanced digital control mode

Plasma cutting machine CUT 65SD adopts international leading MCU intelligent digital control technology, and all its major parts are performed through software. It is a digital control plasma cutting machine, improved a lot in its function and performance when compared with the traditional plasma cutting machine.

#### ★ Advanced inverter technology

With PWM technology and high power component IGBT, it inverts the DC voltage, which is rectified from 50Hz/60Hz input AC voltage, to 30K-100KHz AC high voltage. Then the voltage is dropped and rectified to output the high power DC power supply for cutting. The machine adopts switching power supply inverter technology, greatly reducing the volume and weight of the plasma cutter, and obviously enhancing the conversion efficiency. Switching frequency is beyond audiorange, which almost eliminates the noise pollution.

#### ★ Good consistency and stable performance

Generally speaking, for a cutting machine with analogue circuit control or with analogue circuit & digital circuit control, the performance characteristics are decided by the parameters of various components. Cutting performance of the machines differ as a result of the inconsistent parameters of the components, so even for the cutting machines of the same brand, their parameters often differ from each other. In addition, cutting performance of the machine may change on some extent, since parameters of the components may vary according to the environment such as temperature and humidity, etc.

One of the characteristics of digital control is that it is not sensitive to the change of parameters; the performance of cutting machine will not be affected by the change of the parameters of certain parts. Therefore, the consistency and stability of digital control cutter is better than that of traditional cutter.

#### ★ Powerful cutting performance

This machine is economic and practical since it can cut metals by adopting compressed air as the plasma gas source. The cutting speed has increased by 1.8 times when compared with oxyacetylene cutting. It can cut thick steel plates such as stainless steel, copper, cast iron and aluminum conveniently and quickly. It is easy to ignite arc by adopting HF arc ignition mode, and post-flow function is available. With simple operation and high cutting speed, smooth cutting surface can be obtained, and polishing is unnecessary.

### 1.6 System characteristics

#### 1) Duty cycle

Rated duty cycle refers to the percentage of the normal work time of the machine under rated maximum current holding in the period when taking 10 minutes as a period. The rated duty cycle of this machine is 35%. Using the cutting machine continuously overrunning the rated load may lead to overheating of the machine, and frequently using the machine overrunning the rated load may accelerate the aging of the machine or even burn the machine.

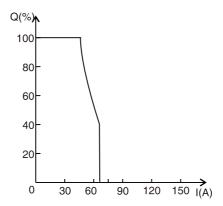


Figure 1-4: Duty cycle

#### 2) Output characteristics

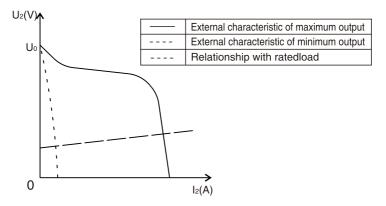


Figure 1-5: Output characteristic curves

### 2. INSTALLATION AND CONNECTION

### 2.1 Installation requirements

#### 1) Connection of input cable

In order to ensure personal safety and avoid electric shock, please send the product power plug the grounding ang wiring box grounding device, reliable giounding protection.

A primary power supply cable is available for this cutting machine. Connect the power supply cable to the rated input power. The primary cable should be tightly connected to the correct socket to avoid oxidization. Check whether the voltage value varies in acceptable range with a multi-meter.

The cross section of the leads used in the switching box should meet the requirements of the maximum input capacity of the machine.

CUT 65DS should be located close to the corresponding power socket.

#### Line disconnecting switch

Install a line disconnecting switch at each power supply, so that the power supply can be cut off immediately in case of an emergency. The disconnecting value of the switch should be equal to or greater than the continuous rating of the fuse. In addition, the switch should have the following feature:

The power is cut off when the switch is at "OFF" position.

#### 2) Connection of output cable

#### Connection of cutting torch

Connect the center plug on the cutting torch to the center socket of the power supply, and tighten It clockwise to avoid gas leakage.

#### Connection of earth cable

Insert the quick plug on the earth cable into the output terminal "+" on the front panel of the machine, and tighten it clockwise.

#### 3) Operation of the reducer valve

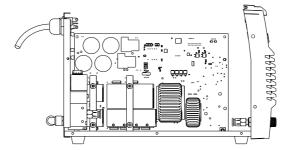


Figure 2-1: Embedded filter reducer

The embedded filter reducer is properly set when leaving factory, and users do not need to set it themselves in general.

If users need to set the embedded filter reducer, the machine cover should be opened as shown in the above figure. Steps are as follows: start the gas flow; lift the pressure control knob upward; adjust the gas pressure to the desired value by rotating the knob (rotate to "+" direction to increase gas pressure; rotate to "-" direction to reduce gas pressure); press down the pressure control knob to get the knob locked. The water can be drained automatically for auto-drain function is available for the embedded filter reducer.

#### 4) Installation of the cutting torch

Insert one end of the electrode into the torch head.

Insert the other end of the electrode into the distributor.

Connect the nozzle with the electrode and distributor.

Connect the protective sleeve with the nozzle, screw it into the torch head, and tighten it.

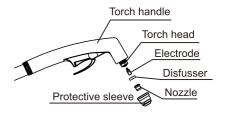


Figure 2-2: Installation of cutting torch head

#### 2.2 Precautions

- 1) Make sure the place to install the machine can bear the weight of the cutting machine.
- 2) Do not install the machine at places where water droplet splash may be produced, such as near water pipes.
- 3) Cutting should be carried out in dry environment with humidity of 90% or less.
- 4) The temperature of the working environment should be between -10°C and 40°C.
- 5) Avoid cutting in the open air unless sheltered from sunlight and rain. Keep it dry at all times and do not place it on wet ground or in puddles.
- 6) Avoid cutting in dusty area or environment with corrosive chemical gas.
- 7) Do not carry out cutting with the cutting machine placed on a platform with a pitch greater than 10°.

Overcurrent/overvoltage/overheating protection circuit is installed in this machine. When the mains voltage, output current or inner temperature exceeds the set standard, the machine will stop automatically. However, excessive use (e.g. too high voltage) of machine may also damage the machine, so please note:



#### Good ventilation

This cutting machine can create powerful cutting current and has strict cooling requirements that cannot be met with natural ventilation. Therefore the built-in fan is very important in enabling the machine to work stable with effective cooling. The operator should make sure that the louvers be uncovered and unblocked. The minimum distance between the machine and nearby objects should be 25cm.



#### Overvoltage is forbidden.

This machine is of automatic mains voltage compensation, which ensures that the cutting current varies within the given range. In case that the input mains voltage exceeds the tolerance value, it would possibly damage the machine. The operator should understand this circumstance fully and adopt relevant precautions.



#### Overload is forbidden.

Remember to observe the max load current at any moment (refer to the corresponding duty cycle). Make sure that the cutting current should not exceed the maximum load current. Overload could obviously shorten the machine's lifespan, or even damage the machine.

A sudden halt may occur with the vellow LED on the front panel on while the machine is of over-load status. Under this circumstance, it is unnecessary to restart the machine. Keep the built-in fan working to lower the temperature inside the machine, Cutting can be continued after the inner temperature falls into the standard range and the yellow LED is off.

# 3. OPERATION

### 3.1 Panel functions of CUT-65DS

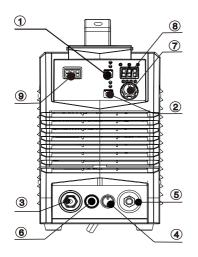


Figure 3-1: Front panel

No.	Part name	Function
1	2T/4T key	Two-step and Four-step" Welding Mode Conversion
2	Mode select	Top for gas checking, bottom for cut
3	Gas-electric connector	Connect the cutting torch
4	Torch switch	Connect the control of cutting torch
5	Quick socket	Connect the earth cable
6	Pilot arc	Connect the pilot wire of torch
7	Current control knob	Adjust: adjust the value of output Press: switch the parameter of output
8	A display	Output current display
9	V display	Input voltage display

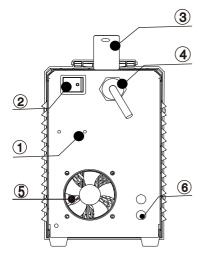


Figure 3-2: Back panel

No.	Part name	Function
1	Install screws	for air filter
2	Power switch	To control the ON/OFF of the input power of the machine.
3	Handle	Handle the machine
4	Power cable	To connect the power supply.
5	Cooling fan	Air cooling
6	air connector	connector for input cutting air

### 3.2 Operation of Digital Panel CUT-65DS

- 1) power on the machine then power indicator on front panel will on, A display meter will show the preset output current.
- 2) check the display of machine ok or not, and select "2T" "4T" mode.
- press the cutting torch switch, solenoid valve will act and torch will have pilot arc.
- 4) preset the cutting current according to the thickness of workpicec.keep distance 2~5mm between the torch and workpiece and cutting from the edge then press torch switch to start the plasma cutting.

No.	Symbol	Function
1	4	Power indicator: It illuminates when the machine is powered on, and it glitters after arc is successfully ignited.
2		Overheating indicator: It illuminates when the working temperature of the IGBT is overly high. Meanwhile, the machine stops working.
3	₩	Torch protection indicator: machine will stlop work and this LED on when the torch are not well installed or torch head is shorted
4		adjust the value of 4 parameters
5	<b>2</b> T	2T indicator: It illuminates when the machine is under 2T status.
6	<b>4</b> T	4T indicator: It illuminates when the machine is under 4T status.
7	Å	Gas-check indicator: It illuminates when the machine is under gas-check status. At this moment, the machine cannot cut.
8	Ę.	Metal mesh cutting indicator: The machine can cut metal mesh when this indicator illuminates.
9	It	Max. pilot arc time led: 12~20s
10	Ls	Pilot arc current led: 12~25A
11	I	Plasma cutting current led: 10~65A
12	S	Postflow time led: 5~20s

### 3.3 Operation method

- 1) Turn on the power switch of the machine, and the power indicator illuminates.
- 2) Select proper working mode and proper function. There are two working modes available on the machine panel: 2T and 4T. There are two functions available: normal cutting and metal mesh cutting. The electrode and nozzle are more easily to wear out in metal mesh cutting.
- 3) Push the torch trigger on the cutting torch, the cutting machine works.
- 4) Set cutting current according to the thickness of workpiece.
- 5) Bring the copper nozzle of the cutting torch into contact with the workpiece (For models with pilot arc function, keep a distance of about 2mm between the copper nozzle of the torch and the workpiece.), and then push the torch trigger. After the arc is ignited and started, raise the cutting torch to the position about 1mm above the workpiece, and start cutting.

### 3.4 Notes for cutting operation

	It is recommended not to ignite the arc in the air if not necessary, for it will shorten the lifespan of the electrode and nozzle of the torch.
	It is recommended to initiate the cutting from the edge of workpiece, unless penetration is needed.
	<ul> <li>Ensure spatters fly from the bottom of workpiece while cutting. If spatters fly from the top of workpiece, it indicates that the workpiece can not be fully cut because the cutting torch is moved too fast or the cutting current is too low.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Keep the nozzle slightly touching the workpiece or keep a short distance between the nozzle and workpiece. If the torch is pressed against the workpiece, the nozzle may stick to the workpiece, and smooth cutting is unavailable.</li> </ul>
	For cutting round workpiece or to meet precise cutting requirement, molding board or other assistant tools are needed.
	It is recommended to pull the cutting torch while cutting.
	<ul> <li>Keep the nozzle of cutting torch upright over the workpiece, and check if the arc is moving with the cutting line. If the space is not enough, don't bend the cable too much, step on or press upon the cable to avoid suffocating of gas flow. The cutting torch may be burned because the gas flow is too small. Keep the cutting cable away from edge tools.</li> </ul>
Con Control	Clean up the spatters on the nozzle timely, for it will affect the cooling effect of the nozzle. Clean up the dust and spatters on the torch head after using everyday to ensure good cooling effect.

### 4. MAINTENANCE

### 4.1 Daily maintenance



#### WARNING

The power of the switching box and the cutting machine should be shut down before daily checking (except appearance checking without contacting the conductive body) to avoid personal injury accidents such as electric shock and burns.

#### Tips:

- 1) Daily checking is very important in keeping the high performance and safe operation of this cutting machine.
- 2) Do daily checking according to the table below, and clean or replace components when necessary.
- 3) In order to ensure the high performance of the machine, please choose components provided or recommended when replacing components.

Table 4-1: Daily checking of the cutting machine

Items	Checking requirements	Remarks
Front panel	Whether any of the components are damaged or loosely connected; Whether the output quick sockets are tightened; Whether the abnormity indicator illuminates.	If unqualified, check the interior of the machine, and tighten or replace the components.
Back panel	Whether the input power cable and buckle are in good condition; Whether the air intake is unobstructed.	replace the components.
Cover	Whether the bolts are loosely connected.	If unqualified, tighten or replace
Chassis	Whether the screws are loosely connected.	the components.
Routine	Whether the machine enclosure has color fading or overheating problems; Whether the fan sounds normal when the machine is running; Whether there is abnormal smell, abnormal vibration or noise when the machine is running.	If abnormal, check the interior of the machine.

Table 4-2: Daily checking of the cables

Items	Checking requirements	Remarks
Earth cable	Whether the grounding wires (including workpiece GND wire and cutting machine GND wire) break off.	If unqualified, tighten or replace the components.
Cutting cable	Whether the insulating layer of the cable is worn, or the conductive part of the cable is exposed; Whether the cable is drawn by an external force; Whether the cable connected to the workpiece is well connected.	Use appropriate methods according to the work site situation to ensure safety and normal cutting.

#### The workpiece is not cut fully. This may be caused by:

- The cutting current is too low.
- The cutting speed is too high.
- The electrode and nozzle of the torch are burned.
- The workpiece is too thick.

#### Molten slag drops from the bottom of workpiece. This may be caused by:

- The cutting speed is too low.
- The electrode and nozzle of the torch are burned.
- The cutting current is too high.

#### 3.5 Cutting parameters table

Select proper current according to the cutting parameters table, workpiece material, cutting thickness and cutting speed, etc. (The figure in the below table is an approximation.)

Table 3-1: Cutting speed (m/min) when cutting current is 65A

Cutting thickness (mm)	0.1	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Mild steel		8		1.5			0.4			
Galvanized steel		8		1.5			0.4			
Stainless steel		8		1.5			0.4			
Aluminum		8	_	1.5						
Brass		0.75								
Red copper		0.75								

### 3.6 Replacement of electrode and nozzle

When the phenomena below occur, the electrode and nozzle should be replaced. Otherwise, there will be strong arc in the nozzle, which will break down the electrode and the nozzle, or even burn the torch. Nozzles of different models are different, so ensure the nozzle is of the same model when replacing it.

- Electrode wear > 1.5mm
- Distortion of the nozzle
- Cutting speed declining, arc with green flame
- Difficult in arc ignition
- Irregular cut

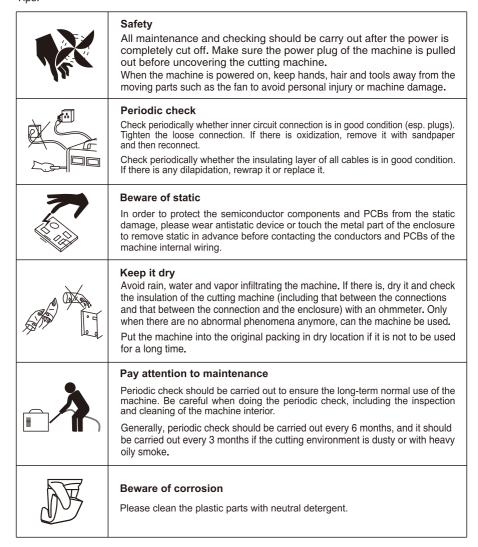
#### 4.2 Periodic check



#### WARNING

Periodic check should be carried out by qualified professionals to ensure safety. Thepower of the switching box and the cutting machine should be shut down before periodic check to avoid personal injury accidents such as electric shock and burns. Due to the discharge of capacitors, checking should be carried out 5 minutes after the machine is powered off.

#### Tips:



# **TROUBLESHOOTING**

The abnormity indicator on the front panel would illuminate in case of any failures inside the cutting machine.

Malfunction Phenomena	Cause and Solution		
Turn on the machine, the power indicator illuminates, the control PCB keys do not function, and there is no response when pushing the torch trigger.	The cutting machine crashes: Shut down the machine, and restart it.		
Turn on the machine, the power indicator illuminates, the control PCB keys work normally, but there is no response when pushing the torch trigger.	1) The LED1 on the main board is on: The control PCB is damaged. 2) The LED1 on the main board is off: Check the torch trigger and torch trigger wire.		
Turn on the machine, the power indicator illuminates, and the fan works. When pushing the torch trigger, the solenoid valve functions, but there is no HF discharge rustling.	The arc ignition part fails: 1) The interelectrode distance of the discharge nozzle is too long. 2) There is leakage of the HF capacitor 102/10KV. 3) The relay is damaged. 4) The input voltage is too low.		
Arc can not be ignited.	The air pressure is overly high or overly low.		



www.YesWelder.com